JURUPA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT AUDIT REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016



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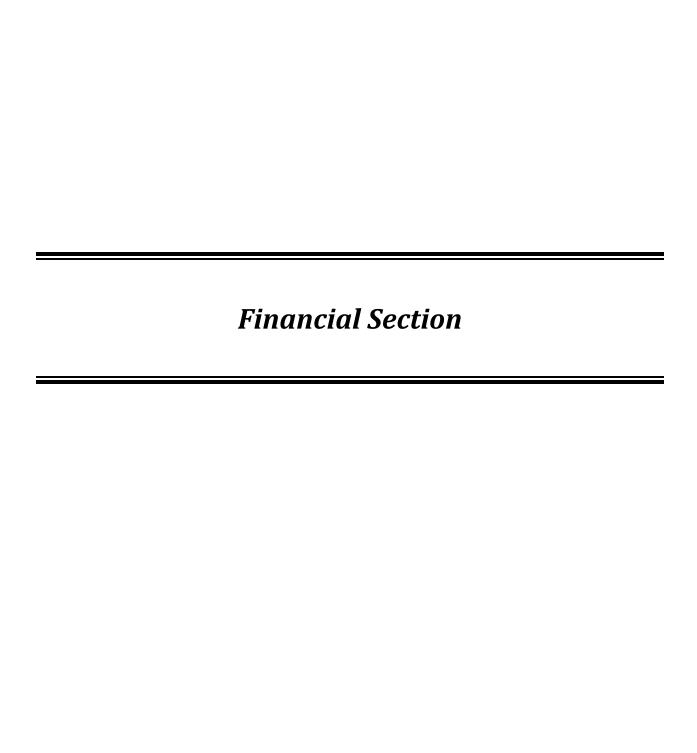
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education Jurupa Unified School District Jurupa Valley, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jurupa Unified School District, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jurupa Unified School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 10, budgetary comparison information on page 52, schedule of funding progress on page 53, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability on page 54, and schedule of contributions on page 55 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information on pages 59 to 67 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards on page 68 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The information on page 58 has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2016 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Murrieta, California November 15, 2016

V ligno & Migno, Pc

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

This discussion and analysis of Jurupa Unified School District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net position of governmental activities increased by approximately \$15.2 million.
- Governmental expenses were approximately \$236.3 million. Revenues were about \$251.5 million.
- The District spent nearly \$29.4 million in new capital assets during the year.
- The District increased its outstanding long-term debt by \$26.6 million.
- Grades K-12 average daily attendance (ADA) decreased by 26, or 0.1%.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *district-wide financial statements* that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.
 - The *governmental funds* statements tell how basic services like regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Short and long-term financial information about the activities of the District that operate like businesses (self-insurance funds) are provided in the *proprietary funds statements*.
 - *Fiduciary funds* statement provides information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

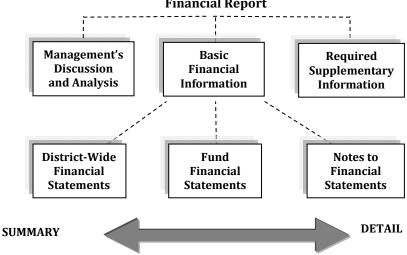


Figure A-1. Organization of Jurupa Unified School District's Annual Financial Report

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Type of Statements	District-Wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District, except fiduciary activities	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities of the District that operate like a business, such as self- insurance funds	Instances in which the district administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes in Fund Balances	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses & Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows 	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; The District's funds do not currently contain nonfinancial assets, though they can	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; The District's funds do not currently contain nonfinancial assets, though they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

District-Wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the District's financial health, or *position*.

- Over time, increases and decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's demographics and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.
- In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are categorized as *Governmental Activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debt) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

The District has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, we provide additional information on a separate reconciliation page that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds When the District charges other District funds for the services it provides, these
 services are reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all
 activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. In fact, the District's
 internal service fund is included within the governmental activities reported in the district-wide
 statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District uses the
 internal service fund to report activities that relate to the District's self-insured program for liability and
 property losses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

• **Fiduciary funds** – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position. The District's combined net position was higher on June 30, 2016, than it was the year before – increasing to \$24.8 million (See Table A-1).

Table A-1

	Government (in mil	Variance Increase		
	2016	2015	(Decrease)
Current assets	\$ 126.0	\$ 133.4	\$	(7.4)
Capital assets	239.6	217.6		22.0
Total assets	365.6	351.0		14.6
Total deferred outflows	 26.9	17.1		9.8
Current liabilities	13.0	14.9		(1.9)
Long-term liabilities	334.0	307.4		26.6
Total liabilities	347.0	322.3		24.7
Total deferred inflows	 20.7	36.2		(15.5)
Total net position	\$ 24.8	\$ 9.6	\$	15.2

Changes in net position, governmental activities. The District's total revenues increased 18.8% to \$251.5 million (See Table A-2). The increase is due primarily to state aid.

The total cost of all programs and services increased 18.4% to \$236.3 million. The District's expenses are predominantly related to educating and caring for students, 83.9%. The purely administrative activities of the District accounted for just 1.9% of total costs. A significant contributor to the increase in costs was an increase in personnel costs.

Table A-2

	Governmental Activities (in millions)				Variance Increase		
		2016		2015	(Decrease)		
Total Revenues	\$	251.5	\$	211.7	\$	39.8	
Total Expenses		236.3		199.6		36.7	
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$	15.2	\$	12.1	\$	3.1	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$113.8 million, which is below last year's ending fund balance of \$119.2 million. The primary cause of the decreased fund balance is due to spending Measure EE bond funds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget several times. The major budget amendments fall into these categories:

- Revenues increased by \$21.1 million primarily to reflect increased estimated federal and state budget actions.
- Expenditures increased \$15.0 million mainly due to increases in instructional costs.

While the District's final budget for the General Fund anticipated that revenues would exceed expenditures by about \$11.5 million, the actual results for the year show that revenues exceeded expenditures by roughly \$12.5 million. Actual revenues were \$1.5 million less than anticipated, and expenditures were \$2.4 million less than budgeted. That amount consists primarily of restricted categorical program dollars that were not spent as of June 30, 2016, that will be carried over into the 2016-17 budget.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of 2015-16 the District had invested \$29.4 million in new capital assets, related to the District's Measure EE bond program. (More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements). Total depreciation expense for the year was approximately \$7.3 million.

Table A-3: Capital Assets at Year End, net of Depreciation

	Governmental Activities (in millions)					ariance ncrease
		2016		2015	(D	ecrease)
Land	\$	16.0	\$	9.8	\$	6.2
Improvements to sites		2.1		2.3		(0.2)
Buildings		190.1		191.6		(1.5)
Equipment		8.7		8.7		-
Construction in progress		22.7		5.2		17.5
Total	\$	239.6	\$	217.6	\$	22.0

The District is anticipating continued new construction and modernization projects.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end the District had \$334.0 million in general obligation bonds, redevelopment agency debt, certificates of participation, capital leases, employment benefits, and net pension liability – an increase of 8.7% from last year – as shown in Table A-4. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements).

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (continued)

Table A-4: Outstanding Long-Term Debt at Year-End

	Governmental Activities (in millions)					Variance Increase		
		2016		2015	(D	ecrease)		
General obligation bonds	\$	84.0	\$	86.0	\$	(2.0)		
Lease revenue bonds		32.4		32.5		(0.1)		
Certificates of participation		5.5		6.0		(0.5)		
Site lease agreement		1.8		2.1		(0.3)		
Energy efficiency financing		28.5		30.0		(1.5)		
Redevelopment agency		0.3		0.5		(0.2)		
Capital leases		1.2		1.4		(0.2)		
Compensated absences		2.5		2.3		0.2		
Early retirement incentives		0.7		1.5		(0.8)		
Postemployment benefits		20.0		17.5		2.5		
Net pension liability		157.1		127.6		29.5		
Total	\$	334.0	\$	307.4	\$	26.6		

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

Evolution of the Budget

The Legislature passed the final budget package on June 15, 2016. Total reserves in the final budget package were lower by only \$36 million compared to the Governor's proposal in May. Various choices were made to shift spending priorities compared to the Governor's proposal. Budget savings resulted from (1) reduced spending on state office buildings, (2) shifting funding for the construction of local jails from General Fund to bond funds, and (3) reduced retiree health spending due to lower than expected healthcare costs. Correspondingly, the final budget deal reflected higher spending for affordable housing programs, repealing the MFG policy, and various public safety programs.

The Governor signed the *2016-17 Budget Act* and 14 budget-related bills on June 27, 2016 and July 1, 2016. The Governor did not veto any appropriations.

Proposition 98

State budgeting for schools and community colleges is based primarily on Proposition 98, approved by voters in 1988 and amended in 1990. Below, we provide an overview of Proposition 98 funding and spending changes under the enacted budget package. We then highlight Proposition 98 spending changes specifically for K-12 education.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE (continued)

Minimum Guarantee

Proposition 98 Funding Revised Upward Across Three-Year Period

Proposition 98 establishes a minimum funding requirement commonly called the minimum guarantee. Compared with the estimates from June 2015, the 2014-15 and 2015-16 guarantees have increased by \$843 million and \$641 million, respectively. These upward revisions are due primarily to increases in state revenue relative to the amounts assumed in last year's budget package. The estimate of the 2016-17 minimum guarantee is \$3.5 billion (5.1 percent) higher than the *2015-16 Budget Act* level.

Two Kev Drivers of Increase in 2016-17

Total funding for all segments in 2016-17 is \$71.9 billion, a \$2.8 billion (4.1 percent) increase above the revised 2015-16 level. This change in the guarantee reflects 3.6 percent growth in the "Test 3 factor" combined with a supplemental appropriation of \$502 million. The Test 3 factor consists of 3.1 percent growth in per capita General Fund plus an additional 0.5 percent increase set forth in the State Constitution. The supplemental appropriation ensures that the minimum guarantee grows at least as quickly as the rest of the state budget.

Increase Covered About Evenly From Higher State General Fund and Local Property Tax Revenue

Of total Proposition 98 funding in 2016-17, \$51.1 billion is state General Fund and \$20.8 billion is local property tax revenue. From 2015-16 to 2016-17, state General Fund increases by \$1.3 billion (accounting for slightly less than half of the \$2.8 billion increase in the guarantee) and local property tax revenue increases by \$1.5 billion (accounting for slightly more than half of the increase in the guarantee). The primary factor explaining the growth in property tax revenue is the strong 6.2 percent increase in assessed property values. In addition, the budget plan assumes property tax revenue increases by \$419 million due to the triple flip ending, thereby completing the shift of revenue from cities, counties, and special districts to school districts and community colleges.

New Maintenance Factor Created in 2016-17

In 2014-15, General Fund tax revenue increased by 11 percent over the prior-year level, resulting in a maintenance factor payment of \$5.7 billion—the largest payment the state has ever made. In 2015-16, the budget assumes the state makes an additional maintenance factor payment of \$379 million, reducing the total outstanding obligation to \$155 million. In 2016-17, the budget assumes the state creates \$746 million in new maintenance factor. The amount of new maintenance factor created is based on the difference between the Proposition 98 Test 2 and Test 3 factors. In 2016-17, growth in the Test 2 factor (per capita personal income) is strong (5.4 percent) relative to growth in the Test 3 factor (3.6 percent).

K-12 Education

\$63.3 Billion Proposition 98 Funding for K-12 Education and Preschool Combined

This 2016-17 level is \$2.5 billion (4.1 percent) more than revised 2015-16 funding and \$3.7 billion (6.3 percent) more than the *2015-16 Budget Act* level. The budget increases funding per student by \$440 (4.3 percent) over the *2015-16 Budget Act* level, bringing Proposition 98 funding per student up to \$10,657.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE (continued)

New Spending

Large Increase for LCFF

The \$2.9 billion augmentation brings total funding for implementing LCFF for school districts and charter schools up to \$55.8 billion, a 5.7 percent increase over the revised 2015-16 level. The administration estimates this funding will close 54 percent of the gap between current funding levels and LCFF target rates, bringing LCFF to 96 percent of its full implementation cost. School districts and charter schools may use LCFF monies for any educational purpose.

Significant Discretionary One-Time Funding

The largest one-time augmentation for K-12 education is \$1.3 billion that LEAs may use for any locally determined purpose. Funding would be distributed based on average daily attendance. If an LEA has unpaid mandate claims, funding would pay all or a portion of those claims. As many LEAs do not have any unpaid claims, we estimate only about half (\$617 million) of the funding provided would reduce the K-12 mandates backlog. We estimate the outstanding K-12 mandates backlog will be \$987 million at the end of 2016-17.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Jurupa Unified School District budget for the 2016-17 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Office at (951) 360-4157.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	Total Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 79,071,211
Investments	39,015,010
Accounts receivable	7,814,935
Inventories	115,988
Non-depreciable assets	38,724,832
Depreciable assets	334,481,510
Less accumulated depreciation	(133,605,542)
Total assets	365,617,944
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	26,064,903
Deferred amounts on refunding	826,467
Total deferred outflows of resources	26,891,370
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	11,804,058
Unearned revenue	1,174,360
Long-term liabilities:	, ,
Portion due or payable within one year	10,249,191
Portion due or payable after one year	323,773,090
Total liabilities	347,000,699
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	20,682,045
NET POSITION	144.452.265
Net investment in capital assets	144,453,267
Restricted for:	24 425 000
Capital projects	21,135,899
Debt service	11,794,334
Categorical and nutrition programs	9,648,481
Unrestricted	(162,205,411)
Total net position	\$ 24,826,570

Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Net (Expense)		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental Activities					
Instructional Services:					
Instruction	\$ 149,169,470	\$ 22	\$ 23,008,442	\$ 4,654	\$ (126,156,352)
Instruction-Related Services:					
Supervision of instruction	8,216,393	2,908	4,102,662	-	(4,110,823)
Instructional library, media					
and technology	2,367,486		16,361	-	(2,351,125)
School site administration	12,340,374	-	662,271	-	(11,678,103)
Pupil Support Services:					
Home-to-school transportation	5,075,483		178	-	(5,075,305)
Food services	9,786,847		7,869,170	-	(830,817)
All other pupil services	11,191,062	-	2,394,717	-	(8,796,345)
General Administration Services:					
Data processing services	1,913,889		799	-	(1,913,090)
Other general administration	2,539,649	·	575,311	-	(1,922,464)
Plant services	25,539,610	·	727,752	-	(24,732,874)
Ancillary services	1,399,876		17,666	-	(1,382,210)
Community services	18,691		-	-	(18,691)
Enterprise activities	246,544		-	-	(246,544)
Interest on long-term debt	5,722,022		-	-	(5,722,022)
Transfers between agencies	729,238		-	-	(729,238)
Other outgo		822,506	419,142		1,241,648
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 236,256,634	\$ 2,033,154	\$ 39,794,471	\$ 4,654	(194,424,355)
		General Revent Property taxes Federal and state Interest and inve Interagency reve Miscellaneous	38,089,766 158,720,794 291,134 8,792 12,512,512		
		Total general r	evenues		209,622,998
		Change in net po	sition		15,198,643
		Net position - Jur	ne 30, 2015		9,627,927
		Net position - Jur	ne 30, 2016		\$ 24,826,570

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

		General Fund	Building Fund	Fu	ecial Reserve nd for Capital ıtlay Projects	ond Interest d Redemption Fund		Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash Investments Accounts receivable Due from other funds Inventories	\$	26,177,333 - 6,337,207 429,587 20,383	\$ 16,430,550 - 80,608 592,367 -	\$	15,541,588 29,283,903 102,316 - -	\$ 11,794,334 - - - - -	\$	8,493,019 9,731,107 1,290,364 - 95,605	\$	78,436,824 39,015,010 7,810,495 1,021,954 115,988
Total Assets	\$	32,964,510	\$ 17,103,525	\$	44,927,807	\$ 11,794,334	\$	19,610,095	\$	126,400,271
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	6,308,594 - 1,139,379	\$ 3,351,807 - -	\$	379,979 - -	\$ - - -	\$	342,541 1,021,954 34,981	\$	10,382,921 1,021,954 1,174,360
Total Liabilities		7,447,973	 3,351,807		379,979	 		1,399,476		12,579,235
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances	_	25,383 6,544,182 12,327,934 6,619,038 25,516,537	 13,751,718 - - - 13,751,718		- 44,547,828 - - - - 44,547,828	 11,794,334 - - - 11,794,334	_	95,605 18,115,014 - - - 18,210,619		120,988 94,753,076 12,327,934 6,619,038 113,821,036
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	32,964,510	\$ 17,103,525	\$	44,927,807	\$ 11,794,334	\$	19,610,095	\$	126,400,271

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Total fund balances - governmental funds			\$ 113,821,036
Amounts reported for governmental activitie	s in the statement of net position are different	because:	
1 0	s are not financial resources and therefore are these assets is \$373,206,342, and the accumu is:	*	239,600,800
	debt is not recognized until the period in whith factivities, it is recognized in the period that is towing at the end of the period was:		(1,079,114)
	d inflows of resources relating to pensions are In the statement of net position, deferred ou reported as follows: Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources		26,064,903 (20,682,045)
Internal service funds are used to conduct cercost-recovery basis. Because internal service activities, assets and liabilities of internal ser statement of net position. Net position for int	t of governmental	296,804	
debt at the time of the payment for refunded	nounts paid to an escrow agent in excess of the bonds which have been defeased. In the gover outflow of resources. The remaining deferred	nment-wide	826,467
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Lo	e, are not due and payable in the current periong-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	od and therefore	
	General obligation bonds payable Lease revenue bonds payable Certificates of participation payable Energy efficiency financing Site lease agreement Capital leases payable Redevelopment agency Compensated absences payable Early retirement incentives Other postemployment liabilities Net pension liability	84,069,633 32,454,461 5,545,000 1,760,000 28,498,554 310,444 1,200,000 2,478,791 657,076 19,997,004 157,051,318	(334,022,281)
Total net position - governmental activities	es		\$ 24,826,570

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

International Performance		General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Professionary	REVENUES						
Perfect Sources 13,012,981 7,806,130 20,819,120 0ther state sources 24,812,52 1,082,067 46,268 9,000,888 2,132,662 232,602,089 2,102,602 23,660,289 2,102,602 2,102,091,120 2,102,002 2,102,091,120 2,102,091,12		\$ 170.386.520	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 170.386.520
Other state sources 24,821,525 (1,398,413) 1,082,067 (4,628) 9,000,888 (2,132,62) 2,722,52,548 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,722,528 (2,308,61) 2,7			-	-	-		,,.
Other local sources 11,398,413 1,082,067 46,268 9,008,88 2,132,602 242,091,192 Total Revenues 219,619,439 1,082,067 46,268 9,073,666 122,695,522 242,091,192 EXPENDITURES Total Reviews: Instruction Related Services: Instruction-Related Services: 137,271,176 0 0 1,092,836 138,364,012 Supervision of instruction 7,833,866 0 0 145,659 7,979,525 Supervision of instruction 7,833,866 0 0 0 1,966,353 School site administration 5,336,263 0 0 0 1,945,635 Pupil Support Services 9,479,755 0 0 9,440,974 9,538,486 Pupil Support Services 9,737,55 0 0 9,440,974 9,538,486 A processing services 10,479,830 0 0 1,917,942 1,914,944 1,949,944 1,949,944 1,949,944 1,949,944 1,949,944 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td>-</td><td>72.878</td><td></td><td></td></t<>			_	-	72.878		
Page			1,082,067	46,268			
Instruction	Total Revenues	219,619,439	1,082,067	46,268	9,073,766	12,269,652	242,091,192
Instructional Services:	EXPENDITURES						
Instruction	Current:						
Instruction-Related Services: Supervision of instruction 7,833,866	Instructional Services:						
Supervision of instruction 7,833,866 . . 145,659 7,979,252 Instructional library, media and technolog 1,986,535 . . 2,0 217,952 11,548,817 Pupil Support Services: . . . 217,952 11,548,817 Home-to-school transportation 5,336,263 . . . 9,440,974 9,533,349 All other pupil services 97,375 . . . 9,440,974 9,533,349 All other pupil services 1,967,454 . . . 1,967,454 Other general administration 5,262,830 . . . 1,967,454 Plant services 1,297,446 4,199,954 . . 109,764 24,806,964 Ancillary services 1,205,800 200,006 Community services activities 200,000 200,000 Transfers of indirect costs 729,381 . . .	Instruction	137,271,176	-	-	-	1,092,836	138,364,012
Instructional library, media and technology School site administration 11,326,865 1, 20 1,986,535 1,134,817 1,13	Instruction-Related Services:						
School site administration 11,326,865 - - 217,952 11,544,817 Pupil Support Services: 87,375 - - - 5,336,263 - - - 5,336,263 - - - 9,40,974 9,538,349 - - - - 1,048,004 - - - 1,048,004 -	Supervision of instruction	7,833,866	-	-	-	145,659	7,979,525
Pupil Support Services:	Instructional library, media and technology	1,986,535	-	-	-	-	1,986,535
Home-to-school transportation 5,336,263	School site administration	11,326,865	-	-	-	217,952	11,544,817
Food services 97,375 - - 9,440,974 9,538,349 All other pupil services 10,479,830 - - 18,174 10,489,004 General Administration Services: 1,967,454 - - - 1,967,454 Other general administration 5,262,830 - - - 54,316 5,311,416 Plant services 1,205,800 - - - 109,764 24,806,964 Ancillary services 1,8316 - - - 1,205,800 Community services 18,316 - - - 1205,800 Community services 18,316 - - - 200,000 Community services 18,316 - - - 200,000 Capital Outlay 716,881 1,898,112 1,980,619 - 6,981,252 27,576,864 Intergovernmental Transfers 729,238 - 2,650,000 155,000 4,845,884 Interespectable 2,000,000 -	Pupil Support Services:						
All other pupil services	Home-to-school transportation	5,336,263	-	-	-	-	5,336,263
General Administration Services: 1,967,454 - - - 1 - 1,967,454 - - 1 5,316 5,317,146 6,48,166 2,406,696 6,81,252 1,205,000 6,81,252 2,200,000 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,317 1,316 1,317 1,317 1,317 1,317 1,317 1,317 1,317 1,317 1,317 1,317<	Food services	97,375	-	-	-	9,440,974	9,538,349
Data processing services 1,967,454 Other general administration 5,262,830 S. - - - - 5,317,146 S. 5,317,146 S. 9,317,146 S. 1,967,454 S. 1,968,694 S. 1,967,454 S. 1,968,694 S. 1,967,454 S. 2,968,000 S. 2 1 1,205,800 S. 2 2 1,205,800 S. 2 2 1,205,800 S. 2 2 1,8316 S. 1,8316 S. 3 1 2 2 2 2,000,00 S. 2 2 2 2,000,00 S. 2 2 2,000,00 S. 2 2 2,000,00 S. 2	All other pupil services	10,479,830	-	-	-	18,174	10,498,004
Other general administration 5,262,830 - - - 5,317,146 23,17,146 14,19,954 - - 5,317,146 24,806,964 24,806,964 24,806,964 24,806,964 24,806,964 24,806,964 24,806,964 24,806,964 24,806,964 24,806,964 24,806,964 24,806,964 24,806,964 24,806,964 24,806,964 24,806,964 24,806,964 24,806,964 20,208,000 3.00 - - - 12,05,800 2.00	General Administration Services:						
Plant services 20,497,246 4,199,954 - - 109,764 24,806,964 Ancillary services 18,316 - - - - 1,205,800 Community services 18,316 - - - - 20,000 Transfers of indirect costs (295,908) - - - 295,908 - Capital Outlay 716,881 17,898,112 1,980,619 - 6,981,252 27,576,864 Intergovernmental Transfers 729,238 - - - 6,981,252 27,576,864 Intergovernmental Transfers 729,238 - - - - 729,238 Debt Service: - - - - - 729,238 Principal 1,703,464 - 822,420 2,165,000 155,000 4,845,884 Intergover Circle 207,162,733 22,998,066 4,772,722 4,638,707 18,554,788 257,227,016 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Und	Data processing services	1,967,454	-	-	-	-	1,967,454
Ancillary services 1,205,800 - - - - - 1,205,800 Community services 18,316 - - - - - 18,316 Enterprise activities 200,000 - - - - 200,000 Transfers of indirect costs (295,908) - - - 6,981,252 275,76,864 Capital Outlay 716,881 17,898,112 1,980,619 - 6,981,252 275,76,864 Intergovernmental Transfers 729,238 - - - 6,981,252 27,576,864 Intergovernmental Transfers 729,238 - - - - 6,981,252 27,576,864 Intergovernmental Transfers 1,703,464 - 822,420 2,165,000 155,000 4,845,884 Intergovernmental Transfers 207,162,733 22,098,066 4,772,722 4,638,707 18,554,788 257,227,016 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 200,000 4,472,722 4,638,707 4,855,478 257,227	Other general administration	5,262,830	-	-	-	54,316	5,317,146
Community services 18,316 - - - - 18,316 Enterprise activities 200,000 - - - 200,000 Transfers of indirect costs (295,908) - - 295,908 - Capital Outlay 716,881 17,898,112 1,980,619 - 6,981,252 27,576,864 Intergovernmental Transfers 729,238 - - - 6,981,252 27,576,864 Intergovernmental Transfers 729,238 - - - - 729,238 Debt Service: - - - - - 729,238 Principal Intergual Control of Contr	Plant services	20,497,246	4,199,954	-	-	109,764	24,806,964
Enterprise activities 200,000 - - - - 200,000 Transfers of indirect costs (295,908) - - - 295,908 - Capital Outlay 716,881 17,898,112 1,980,619 - 6,981,252 27,575,864 Intergoremental Transfers 729,238 - - - - 729,238 Debt Service: 825,502 - - - - 729,238 - - - 729,238 - - - - 729,238 - - - - - 729,238 - - - - 729,238 - - - - - 729,238 - - - - 729,238 - - - - - 729,238 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Ancillary services	1,205,800	-	-	-	-	1,205,800
Transfers of indirect costs (295,908) - - - 2 295,908 - Capital Outlay 716,881 17,898,112 1,980,619 - 6,981,252 27,576,864 Intergovernmental Transfers 729,238 - - - - 729,238 Debt Service: Principal 1,703,464 - 822,420 2,165,000 155,000 4,845,884 Interest 825,502 - 1,969,683 2,473,707 42,953 5,311,845 Total Expenditures 207,162,733 22,098,066 4,772,722 4,638,707 18,554,788 257,227,016 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 12,456,706 (21,015,999) (4,726,454) 4,435,059 (6,285,136) (15,135,824) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers in 473,583 5,429,923 13,471,854 - - 19,375,360 Interfund transfers out (13,471,854) - (473,583) - (5,429,923) (19,375,360) <	Community services	18,316	-	-	-	-	18,316
Capital Outlay 716,881 17,898,112 1,980,619 - 6,981,252 27,576,864 Intergovernmental Transfers 729,238 - - - - 729,238 Debt Service: Principal 1,703,464 - 822,420 2,165,000 155,000 4,845,884 Interest 825,502 - 1,969,683 2,473,707 42,953 5,311,845 Total Expenditures 207,162,733 22,098,066 4,772,722 4,638,707 18,554,788 257,227,016 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver (Under) Expenditures 12,456,706 (21,015,999) (4,726,454) 4,435,059 (6,285,136) (15,135,824) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1 473,583 5,429,923 13,471,854 - - 19,375,360 Interfund transfers out (13,471,854) - (473,583) - (5,429,923) (19,375,360) Other Financing Sources - 38,714 - 9,867,692 9,906,406 Total Other Financing Sources and Uses <t< td=""><td>Enterprise activities</td><td>200,000</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>200,000</td></t<>	Enterprise activities	200,000	-	-	-	-	200,000
Transfers Tran	Transfers of indirect costs	(295,908)	-	-	-	295,908	-
Debt Service: Principal 1,703,464 - 822,420 2,165,000 155,000 4,845,884 Interest 825,502 - 1,969,683 2,473,707 42,953 5,311,845 Total Expenditures 207,162,733 22,098,066 4,772,722 4,638,707 18,554,788 257,227,016 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 12,456,706 (21,015,999) (4,726,454) 4,435,059 (6,285,136) (15,135,824) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers in Interfund transfers out (13,471,854) - - - 19,375,360 Other financing sources - - 38,714 - (5,429,923) (19,375,360) Other financing sources - - 38,714 - 9,867,692 9,906,406 Net Change in Fund Balances (541,565) (15,586,076) 8,310,531 4,435,059 (1,847,367) (5,229,418) Fund Balances, July 1, 2015 26,058,102 29,337,794 36,237,297 7,359,275 20,057,986 119,050,454	Capital Outlay	716,881	17,898,112	1,980,619	-	6,981,252	27,576,864
Principal Interest 1,703,464 825,502 - 822,420 1,969,683 2,473,707 2,273 42,953 2,311,845 Total Expenditures 207,162,733 22,098,066 4,772,722 4,638,707 18,554,788 257,227,016 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 12,456,706 (21,015,999) (4,726,454) 4,435,059 (6,285,136) (15,135,824) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 11,147,854 - - - 19,375,360 Interfund transfers in Interfund transfers out Other financing sources (13,471,854) - (473,583) - (5,429,923) (19,375,360) Other financing sources - - 38,714 - 9,867,692 9,906,406 Net Change in Fund Balances (541,565) (15,586,076) 8,310,531 4,435,059 (1,847,367) (5,229,418) Fund Balances, July 1, 2015 26,058,102 29,337,794 36,237,297 7,359,275 20,057,986 119,050,454	Intergovernmental Transfers	729,238	-	-	-	-	729,238
Interest 825,502 - 1,969,683 2,473,707 42,953 5,311,845 Total Expenditures 207,162,733 22,098,066 4,772,722 4,638,707 18,554,788 257,227,016 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 12,456,706 (21,015,999) (4,726,454) 4,435,059 (6,285,136) (15,135,824) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers in 473,583 5,429,923 13,471,854 - - - 19,375,360 Interfund transfers out Other financing sources (13,471,854) - (473,583) - (5,429,923) (19,375,360) Other financing sources - - 38,714 - 9,867,692 9,906,406 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,998,271) 5,429,923 13,036,985 - 4,437,769 9,906,406 Fund Balances, July 1, 2015 26,058,102 29,337,794 36,237,297 7,359,275 20,057,986 119,050,454	Debt Service:						
Total Expenditures 207,162,733 22,098,066 4,772,722 4,638,707 18,554,788 257,227,016 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 12,456,706 (21,015,999) (4,726,454) 4,435,059 (6,285,136) (15,135,824) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers in 473,583 5,429,923 13,471,854 - - 19,375,360 Interfund transfers out Other financing sources (13,471,854) - (473,583) - (5,429,923) (19,375,360) Other financing sources - - 38,714 - 9,867,692 9,906,406 Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (12,998,271) 5,429,923 13,036,985 - 4,437,769 9,906,406 Net Change in Fund Balances (541,565) (15,586,076) 8,310,531 4,435,059 (1,847,367) (5,229,418) Fund Balances, July 1, 2015 26,058,102 29,337,794 36,237,297 7,359,275 20,057,986 119,050,454	Principal	1,703,464	-	822,420	2,165,000	155,000	4,845,884
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 12,456,706 (21,015,999) (4,726,454) 4,435,059 (6,285,136) (15,135,824) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers in 473,583 5,429,923 13,471,854 - (473,583) - (5,429,923) (19,375,360) Other financing sources Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (12,998,271) Net Change in Fund Balances (541,565) (15,586,076) 8,310,531 4,435,059 (1,847,367) (1,847,367) (5,229,418) Fund Balances, July 1, 2015 26,058,102 29,337,794 36,237,297 7,359,275 20,057,986 119,050,454	Interest	825,502		1,969,683	2,473,707	42,953	5,311,845
Over (Under) Expenditures 12,456,706 (21,015,999) (4,726,454) 4,435,059 (6,285,136) (15,135,824) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers in linerfund transfers out (13,471,854) 5,429,923 13,471,854 - - 19,375,360 Other financing sources - - - (473,583) - (5,429,923) (19,375,360) Other financing sources - - - 38,714 - 9,867,692 9,906,406 Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (12,998,271) 5,429,923 13,036,985 - 4,437,769 9,906,406 Net Change in Fund Balances (541,565) (15,586,076) 8,310,531 4,435,059 (1,847,367) (5,229,418) Fund Balances, July 1, 2015 26,058,102 29,337,794 36,237,297 7,359,275 20,057,986 119,050,454	Total Expenditures	207,162,733	22,098,066	4,772,722	4,638,707	18,554,788	257,227,016
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers in Interfund transfers out (13,471,854) 5,429,923 13,471,854 - - 19,375,360 Interfund transfers out Other financing sources - - (473,583) - (5,429,923) (19,375,360) Other financing sources - - 38,714 - 9,867,692 9,906,406 Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (12,998,271) 5,429,923 13,036,985 - 4,437,769 9,906,406 Net Change in Fund Balances (541,565) (15,586,076) 8,310,531 4,435,059 (1,847,367) (5,229,418) Fund Balances, July 1, 2015 26,058,102 29,337,794 36,237,297 7,359,275 20,057,986 119,050,454	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Interfund transfers in Interfund transfers in Interfund transfers out Interfund transfers out Other financing sources 473,583 (13,471,854) 5,429,923 (13,471,854) 13,471,854 (473,583) - (5,429,923) (19,375,360) Other financing sources - 38,714 - 9,867,692 9,906,406 Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (12,998,271) 5,429,923 13,036,985 - 4,437,769 9,906,406 Net Change in Fund Balances (541,565) (15,586,076) 8,310,531 4,435,059 (1,847,367) (5,229,418) Fund Balances, July 1, 2015 26,058,102 29,337,794 36,237,297 7,359,275 20,057,986 119,050,454	Over (Under) Expenditures	12,456,706	(21,015,999)	(4,726,454)	4,435,059	(6,285,136)	(15,135,824)
Interfund transfers in Interfund transfers in Interfund transfers out Interfund transfers out Other financing sources 473,583 (13,471,854) 5,429,923 (13,471,854) 13,471,854 (473,583) - (5,429,923) (19,375,360) Other financing sources - 38,714 - 9,867,692 9,906,406 Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (12,998,271) 5,429,923 13,036,985 - 4,437,769 9,906,406 Net Change in Fund Balances (541,565) (15,586,076) 8,310,531 4,435,059 (1,847,367) (5,229,418) Fund Balances, July 1, 2015 26,058,102 29,337,794 36,237,297 7,359,275 20,057,986 119,050,454	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Interfund transfers out Other financing sources (13,471,854) - (473,583) - (5,429,923) (19,375,360) Other financing sources - - - 38,714 - 9,867,692 9,906,406 Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (12,998,271) 5,429,923 13,036,985 - 4,437,769 9,906,406 Net Change in Fund Balances (541,565) (15,586,076) 8,310,531 4,435,059 (1,847,367) (5,229,418) Fund Balances, July 1, 2015 26,058,102 29,337,794 36,237,297 7,359,275 20,057,986 119,050,454	• •	473 583	5 429 923	13 471 854	_	_	19 375 360
Other financing sources - - 38,714 - 9,867,692 9,906,406 Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (12,998,271) 5,429,923 13,036,985 - 4,437,769 9,906,406 Net Change in Fund Balances (541,565) (15,586,076) 8,310,531 4,435,059 (1,847,367) (5,229,418) Fund Balances, July 1, 2015 26,058,102 29,337,794 36,237,297 7,359,275 20,057,986 119,050,454			5,127,725		_	(5 429 923)	
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (12,998,271) 5,429,923 13,036,985 - 4,437,769 9,906,406 Net Change in Fund Balances (541,565) (15,586,076) 8,310,531 4,435,059 (1,847,367) (5,229,418) Fund Balances, July 1, 2015 26,058,102 29,337,794 36,237,297 7,359,275 20,057,986 119,050,454			_		_		
Net Change in Fund Balances (541,565) (15,586,076) 8,310,531 4,435,059 (1,847,367) (5,229,418) Fund Balances, July 1, 2015 26,058,102 29,337,794 36,237,297 7,359,275 20,057,986 119,050,454	ŭ	(12.998.271)	5.429.923				
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015 26,058,102 29,337,794 36,237,297 7,359,275 20,057,986 119,050,454	<u>g</u>		-		4,435,059		
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016 \$ 25,516,537 \$ 13,751,718 \$ 44,547,828 \$ 11,794,334 \$ 18,210,619 \$ 113,821,036							
	Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$ 25,516,537	\$ 13,751,718	\$ 44,547,828	\$ 11,794,334	\$ 18,210,619	\$ 113,821,036

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Total net change in f	fund balances - 🤉	governmental funds
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\$ (5,229,418)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

initiation reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are unitrent because.	
In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their esetimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:	
Expenditures for capital outlay 29,387,458	
Depreciation expense (7,306,740) Net:	22,080,718
Net.	22,000,710
Repayment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	4,845,252
In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized as interest over the life of the debt. Amortization of premiums for the period is:	473,431
In the governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period, but owing from the prior period is:	(67,371)
In governmental funds, the entire proceeds from disposal of capital assets are reported as revenue. In the statements of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported. The difference between the proceeds from disposal of capital assets and the resulting gain or loss is:	(33,392)
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences, for example, are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, vacation leave earned exceeded the amounts used by:	(174,673)
In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made, in the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between the accrual basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:	(4,242,866)
In governmental funds, postemployment benefits costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are paid. In the government-wide statements, postemployment benefits costs are recognized in the period that they are incurred. The increase in the net OPEB liability at the end of the period was:	(2,468,722)
In the government-wide statements, expenses must be accrued in connection with any liabilities incurred during the period that are not expected to be liquidated with current financial resources, in addition to compensated absences and long-term debt. Examples include special termination benefits such as retirement incentives financed over time and structured legal settlements. This year, expenses incurred for such obligations were:	857,483
onbacon note.	037,103
Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:	(46,544)
The amounts paid to the refunded bond escrow agent in excess of the refunded bond at the time of payment payment are recorded as deferred amounts on the refunding and are amortized over the life of the liability. The amount amortized to deferred amounts in the current year was:	(87,515)

In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current resources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as an interest expense for the period.

(707,740)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 15,198,643

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund June 30, 2016

	A	Governmental Activities		
		Internal rvice Fund		
ASSETS	'			
Cash	\$	634,387		
Accounts receivable		4,440		
Total assets		638,827		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		1,982		
Estimated claims liability		340,041		
Total liabilities		342,023		
NET POSITION				
Restricted	\$	296,804		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund			
OPERATING REVENUES		vice runu		
In-District premiums	\$	200,000		
OPERATING EXPENSES Payments for claims and other operating expenses		249,728		
Operating Income (Loss)		(49,728)		
NON-OPERATING REVENUE Interest income		3,184		
Change in net position		(46,544)		
Net Position, July 1, 2015		343,348		
Net Position, June 30, 2016	\$	296,804		

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		vernmental Activities
	Inte	rnal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from self-insurance premiums Cash paid for operating expenses	\$	515,940 (176,176)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		339,764
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on investments		2,425
Net increase in cash		342,189
Cash, July 1, 2015		292,198
Cash, June 30, 2016	\$	634,387
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(49,728)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in accounts receivable		115,940
Decrease in due from other funds		200,000
Increase in accounts payable and estimated claims liability	ф.	73,552
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	339,764

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2016

	 Agency	Trust Fund			
	Student Body Funds	ebt Service Funds for Special Fax Bonds	Private-Purpose Trust Fund		
ASSETS Cash Investments Accounts receivable Inventories	\$ 595,779 - - 32,949	\$ 9,139,329 - -	\$	48,296 - 4,097 -	
Total assets	\$ 628,728	\$ 9,139,329		52,393	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to student groups Due to bondholders	\$ - 628,728 -	\$ - - 9,139,329		3,842 - -	
Total liabilities	\$ 628,728	\$ 9,139,329		3,842	
NET POSITION Temporarily Restricted			\$	48,551	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Private-Purpose Trust Fund		
ADDITIONS			
Interest	\$	276	
Other local sources		20,970	
Total additions		21,246	
DEDUCTIONS			
Materials and supplies		2,650	
Other services & operating expenses		29,597	
Total deductions		32,247	
Change in net position		(11,001)	
Net position, July 1, 2015		59,552	
Net position, June 30, 2016	\$	48,551	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Jurupa Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the California Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Jurupa Unified School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District, in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

For financial reporting purposes, the component units have a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and thus are included in the financial statements using the blended presentation method as if they were part of the District's operations because the governing board of the component units is essentially the same as the governing board of the District and because their purpose is to finance the construction of facilities to be used for the direct benefit of the District.

The Jurupa School Facilities Corporation (the Corporation) financial activity are presented in the financial statements as the Capital Projects for Blended Component Units Fund and the Debt Service for Blended Component Units Fund. Certificates of participation and other debt issued by the Corporation are included as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Individually prepared financial statements are not prepared for the Corporation.

The Jurupa Unified School District Community Facilities Districts (CFDs) financial activity is presented in the financial statements as the Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units and in the Fiduciary Funds Statement as the Debt Service Fund for Special Tax Bonds. Special Tax Bonds issued by the CFDs are not included in the long-term obligations of the *Statement of Net Position* as they are not obligations of the District. Individually prepared financial statements are not prepared for each of the CFDs.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

1. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - *governmental*, *proprietary*, and *fiduciary* - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Major Governmental Funds

The District maintains the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Building Fund: This fund is used to account for the acquisition of major governmental capital facilities and buildings from the sale of general obligation bonds and bond anticipation notes.

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: This fund is used to account for funds set aside for Board designated construction projects.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment of, District bonds, interest, and related costs.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting (continued)

1. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds

The District maintains the following non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds:

Adult Education Fund: This fund is used to account for resources related to the District's adult education programs.

Child Development Fund: This fund is used to account for resources related to child development programs maintained by the District.

Cafeteria Fund: This fund is used to account for revenues received and expenditures made to operate the District's food service operations.

Capital Projects Funds:

State School Building Lease-Purchase Fund: This fund is used to account for state apportionments provided for construction and modernization of school facilities.

County School Facilities Fund: This fund is used to account for state apportionments provided for modernization of school facilities under SB50.

Capital Projects Funds for Blended Component Units: This fund is used to account for the activity of the certificates of participation and of the Community Facilities Districts.

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used to account for resources received from developer impact fees assessed under provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in Net Position, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service. The District has the following proprietary fund:

Internal Service Funds: These funds are used to account for services rendered on a cost-reimbursement basis within the District. The District maintains one internal service fund, the Self-Insurance Fund, which is used to account for resources committed to the District's self-insured property and liability insurance program.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting (continued)

1. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The fiduciary fund category includes pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. The District maintains the following fiduciary funds:

Agency Funds: The District maintains a separate agency fund for each school that operates an Associated Student Body (ASB) Fund, whether it is organized or not.

Debt Service Fund for Special Tax Bonds: This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment, of Community Facility District bonds, interest and related costs.

Private-Purpose Trust Fund: This fund is used to report all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The District maintains one such fund to account separately for gifts or bequests per *Education Code* Section 41031 that benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments and under which neither principal nor income may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs.

2. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and financing from capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting (continued)

3. Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 60 days. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to state-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for districts as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

C. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California *Education Code* and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For budget purposes, on behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

D. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated as of June 30.

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers cash and cash equivalents to be cash on hand and demand deposits. In addition, because the Treasury Pool is sufficiently liquid to permit withdrawal of cash at any time without prior notice or penalty, equity in the pool is also deemed to be a cash equivalent.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (continued)

2. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

3. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives				
Buildings and Improvements	25-50 years				
Furniture and Equipment	15-20 years				
Vehicles	8 years				

4. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has several items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is deferred amounts on refunding, which resulted from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is shown as deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The remaining items recognize the District's proportionate share of the deferred inflows of resources related to its pension plans as more fully described in the footnote entitled "Pension Plans".

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has several items that are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These items recognize the District's proportionate share of the deferred inflows of resources related to its pension plans as more fully described in the footnote entitled "Pension Plans".

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (continued)

6. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statements consists of unpaid, accumulated vacation balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

7. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans and addition to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

8. Fund Balances

The fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Nonspendable: Fund balance is reported as nonspendable when the resources cannot be spent because they are either in a nonspendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form include inventories and prepaid assets.

Restricted: Fund balance is reported as restricted when the constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provision or by enabling legislation.

Committed: The District's highest decision-making level of authority rests with the District's Board. Fund balance is reported as committed when the Board passes a resolution that places specified constraints on how resources may be used. The Board can modify or rescind a commitment of resources through passage of a new resolution.

Assigned: Resources that are constrained by the District's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balance. Intent may be expressed by either the Board, committees (such as budget or finance), or officials to which the Board has delegated authority.

Unassigned: Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned and may be utilized by the District for any purpose. When expenditures are incurred, and both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources in the order of committed, assigned, and then unassigned, as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (continued)

9. Net Position

Net position is classified into three components: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- **Net investment in capital assets** This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.
- **Restricted** This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Unrestricted net position** This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

F. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

During the 2010-11 fiscal year, pursuant to GASB Statement No. 54, the District adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the District against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than three percent of total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

G. Property Tax Calendar

The County is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the schools and special districts within the County. The Board of Supervisors levies property taxes as of September 1 on property values assessed on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and is delinquent with penalties on December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and is delinquent with penalties on April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. New GASB Pronouncements

During the 2015-16 fiscal year, the following GASB Pronouncements became effective:

1. Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application (Issued 02/15)

This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of *fair value* is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

2. Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments (Issued 06/15)

The objective of this Statement is to identify - in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment - the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and non-authoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP.

3. Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants (Issued 12/15)

This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. An external investment pool qualifies for that reporting if it meets all of the applicable criteria established in this Statement. The specific criteria address (1) how the external investment pool transacts with participants; (2) requirements for portfolio maturity, quality, diversification, and liquidity; and (3) calculation and requirements of a shadow price. Significant noncompliance prevents the external investment pool from measuring all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes.

If an external investment pool does not meet the criteria established by this Statement, that pool should apply the provisions in paragraph 16 of Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, as amended. If an external investment pool meets the criteria in this Statement and measures all of its investments at amortized cost, the pool's participants also should measure their investments in that external investment pool at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments at June 30, 2016 are reported at fair value and consisted of the following:

		Governmental Activities							
		Go	overnmental	Proprietary				Fiduciary	
	Rating		Funds		Fund		Total		Funds
Pooled Funds:									
Cash in County Treasury		\$	77,804,376	\$	634,387	\$	78,438,763	\$	48,296
Deposits:									
Cash on hand and in banks			-		-		-		595,779
Cash in revolving fund			5,000		-		5,000		-
Cash collections awaiting deposit			627,448		-		627,448		
Total Deposits			632,448		-		632,448		595,779
Total Cash		\$	78,436,824	\$	634,387	\$	79,071,211	\$	644,075
Investments:									
Invesco Short-Term Investments Trust Treasury Portfolio	AAA	\$	9,731,107	\$	-	\$	9,731,107	\$	9,139,329
U.S. Bank - Money Market	N/A		29,283,903				29,283,903		-
Total Investments		\$	39,015,010	\$	-	\$	39,015,010	\$	9,139,329

Pooled Funds

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury. The County pools and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost which approximates fair value. Interest earned is deposited annually to participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

Because the District's deposits are maintained in a recognized pooled investment fund under the care of a third party and the District's share of the pool does not consist of specific, identifiable investment securities owned by the District, no disclosure of the individual deposits and investments or related custodial credit risk classifications is required.

In accordance with applicable state laws, the County Treasurer may invest in derivative securities with the State of California. However, at June 30, 2016, the County Treasurer has represented that the Pooled Investment Fund contained no derivatives or other investments with similar risk profiles.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. Cash balances held in banks are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and are collateralized by the respective financial institutions. In addition, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies.

California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits (continued)

As of June 30, 2016, \$482,623 of the District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agency, but not in the name of the District.

Investments - Interest Rate Risk

The District's investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District's investment policy limits investment purchases to investments with a term not to exceed three years. Investments purchased with maturity terms greater than three years require approval by the Board of Education. Investments purchased with maturities greater than one year require written approval by the Superintendent prior to commitment. Maturities of investments held at June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

				Mat	Maturity		
	•			Less Than	One	Year Through	
	Fair Value		One Year			Five Years	
Investment maturities:							
Invesco Short-Term Investments Trust Treasury Portfolio	\$	18,870,436	\$	18,870,436	\$	-	
U.S. Bank - Money Market		29,283,903		29,283,903			
Total Investments	\$	48,154,339	\$	48,154,339	\$	-	

Investments - Credit Risk

The District's investment policy limits investment choices to obligations of local, state and federal agencies, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, corporate notes, banker acceptances, and other securities allowed by State Government Code Section 53600. At June 30, 2016, all investments represented governmental securities which were issued, registered and held by the District's agent in the District's name.

Investments - Concentration of Credit Risk

The District does not place limits on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2016, the District had the following investments that represent more than five percent of the District's net investments.

Invesco Short-Term Investments Trust Treasury Portfolio	39.2%
U.S. Bank - Money Market	60.8%

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable as of June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Fun	cial Reserve d for Capital lay Projects	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds	oprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Federal Government:									
Categorical aid programs	\$ 1,313,180	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,023,298	\$	2,336,478	\$ -	\$ -
State Government:									
Lottery	2,141,112	-		-	-		2,141,112	-	-
Child nutrition	-	-		-	79,073		79,073	-	-
Special education	279,735	-		-	-		279,735	-	-
Other state resources	812,505	-		-	72,857		885,362	-	-
Local:									
Special education	1,238,895	-		-	-		1,238,895	-	-
Interest	41,920	30,608		15,362	10,561		98,451	1,096	77
Other	509,860	50,000		86,954	104,575		751,389	3,344	4,020
Total	\$ 6,337,207	\$ 80,608	\$	102,316	\$ 1,290,364	\$	7,810,495	\$ 4,440	\$ 4,097

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Balances Due To/From Other Funds

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

Child Development Fund due to General Fund for repayment of temporary loan and other miscellaneous charges	\$ 350,130
Adult Education Fund due to General Fund for repayment of temporary loan and other miscellaneous charges	52,772
Cafeteria Fund due to General Fund for indirect charges and other miscellaneous charges	26,685
Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units due to Building Fund for expenditure reimbursement	 592,367
Total	\$ 1,021,954

B. Transfers To/From Other Funds

Transfers to/from other funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

General Fund transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for one time mandated claims	\$ 9,784,766
General Fund transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for redevelopment funds received	3,687,088
Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects transfer to General Fund for routine restricted maintenance	473,583
Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units transfer to Building for capital outlay	5,429,923
Total	\$ 19,375,360

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 5 - FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2016, fund balances of the District's governmental funds were classified as follows:

	General Fund		Building Fund		Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects		Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total
Nonspendable:											
Revolving cash	\$ 5,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,000
Stores inventories	20,383		-		-		-		95,605		115,988
Total Nonspendable	25,383		-		-		-		95,605		120,988
Restricted:											
Categorical programs	6,544,182		-		-		-		-		6,544,182
Food service programs	-		-		-		-		2,698,391		2,698,391
Adult education program	-		-		-		-		405,908		405,908
Capital projects	-		13,751,718		44,547,828		-		15,010,715		73,310,261
Debt service	-						11,794,334				11,794,334
Total Restricted	6,544,182		13,751,718		44,547,828		11,794,334		18,115,014		94,753,076
Assigned:											
LCFF Reserves	3,985,942		-		-		-		-		3,985,942
LCAP Reserves	5,408,335		-		-		-		-		5,408,335
School Site Allocation Carryover	403,258		-		-		-		-		403,258
Management Health & Welfare	108,600		-		-		-		-		108,600
Certificated Health & Welfare	26,383		-		-		-		-		26,383
Classified Health & Welfare	1,002,512		-		-		-		-		1,002,512
Kaiser Grant	4,632		-		-		-		-		4,632
Donations	211,719		-		-		-		-		211,719
Project Lead the Way	14,575		-		-		-		-		14,575
Visual and Performing Arts	41,600		-		-		-		-		41,600
Adult Ed - CalWORKS	14,796		-		-		-		-		14,796
Lottery	1,105,582		-		-		-		-		1,105,582
Total Assigned	12,327,934		-		-		-		-		12,327,934
Unassigned:											
Reserve for economic uncertainties	6,619,038		-		-		-		-		6,619,038
Total Unassigned	6,619,038		-		-		-		-		6,619,038
Total	\$ 25,516,537	\$	13,751,718	\$	44,547,828	\$	11,794,334	\$	18,210,619	\$	113,821,036

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Balance,	Additions	Dogwoodaa	Balance,
	July 1, 2015	Additions	Decreases	June 30, 2016
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 9,768,022	\$ 6,250,561	\$ -	\$ 16,018,583
Construction in progress	5,198,337	18,824,634	1,316,722	22,706,249
Total capital assets not being depreciated	14,966,359	25,075,195	1,316,722	38,724,832
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Improvements to sites	19,993,439	-	-	19,993,439
Buildings	287,999,833	4,457,004	137,168	292,319,669
Equipment	21,284,507	1,171,981	288,086	22,168,402
Total capital assets being depreciated	329,277,779	5,628,985	425,254	334,481,510
Accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements to sites	(17,620,295)	(263,894)	-	(17,884,189)
Buildings	(96,439,549)	(5,907,979)	(111,104)	(102,236,424)
Equipment	(12,630,820)	(1,134,867)	(280,758)	(13,484,929)
Total accumulated depreciation	(126,690,664)	(7,306,740)	(391,862)	(133,605,542)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	202,587,115	(1,677,755)	33,392	200,875,968
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 217,553,474	\$ 23,397,440	\$ 1,350,114	\$ 239,600,800

Depreciation expense is allocated to the following functions in the statement of activities:

Instruction	5,444,866
Instruction Supervision and Administration	9,450
Instruction Library, Media and Technology	259,426
School Site Administration	186,125
Food Services	79,597
All Other Pupil Services	223,875
Ancillary Services	171,561
All Other General Administration	90,721
Centralized Data Processing	18,134
Plant Services	822,985
Total	\$ 7,306,740

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions		Deductions		I	Balance, une 30, 2016	mount Due n One Year
General Obligation Bonds:	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>						<u>, </u>	
Bond principal	\$ 74,747,972	\$	-	\$	2,165,000	\$	72,582,972	\$ 6,445,000
Accreted interest component	5,475,090		625,534		-		6,100,624	-
Unamortized issuance premium	5,771,358		-		385,321		5,386,037	385,321
Sub-Total GO Bonds	85,994,420		625,534		2,550,321		84,069,633	6,830,321
Lease Revenue Bonds:	•							
Bond principal	29,988,476		-		-		29,988,476	-
Accreted interest component	26,850		82,206		-		109,056	-
Unamortized issuance premium	 2,445,039		-		88,110		2,356,929	88,110
Sub-Total Lease Revenue Bonds	32,460,365		82,206		88,110		32,454,461	88,110
Certificates of Participation	5,995,000		-		450,000		5,545,000	475,000
Site Lease Agreement	2,070,000		-		310,000		1,760,000	325,000
Energy Efficiency Financing	30,056,692		-		1,558,138		28,498,554	1,702,451
Capital Leases	472,558		-		162,114		310,444	117,608
Redevelopment Agency	1,400,000		-		200,000		1,200,000	200,000
Compensated Absences	2,304,118		174,673		-		2,478,791	-
Early Retirement Incentives	1,514,559		-		857,483		657,076	510,701
Other Postemployment Benefits	17,528,282		2,468,722		-		19,997,004	-
Net Pension Liability	 127,602,824		29,448,494		-		157,051,318	
Total	\$ 307,398,818	\$	32,799,629	\$	6,176,166	\$	334,022,281	\$ 10,249,191

Payments for general obligation bonds are made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The site lease agreement payments are split between the Cafeteria Fund and the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay. All other debt service payments are split between the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay and the General Fund. Compensated absences will be paid for by the fund for which the employee worked.

A. General Obligation Bonds

Election of 2001

The District received authorization at an election held on November 6, 2001 (Measure C), by an affirmative vote of 64.7% of the votes cast by eligible voters within the District to issue general obligation bonds in an amount not to exceed \$58 million. The proceeds of the bonds were authorized to be used for the acquisition and construction of school facilities and equipment, specifically: repair roofing, plumbing and electrical systems, improve school safety and security, upgrade classroom technology, build and expand science laboratories and libraries, and build new schools and classrooms.

Election of 2014

Pursuant to a regularly scheduled election of the registered voters of the District held on November 4, 2014, at least 55% of the persons voting on the proposition (Measure "EE") voted to authorize the issuance and sale of not to exceed \$144 million principal amount of general obligation bonds of the District to finance the construction of new facilities and renovation and improvement at existing schools and to pay costs of issuance of the bonds.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

Refunding Bonds

In prior years, the District has issued refunding bonds. The net proceeds of the refunding bonds were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased, and the related liability for the bonds has been removed from the District's liabilities. Amounts paid to the refunded bond escrow agent in excess of the outstanding debt at the time of payment are recorded as deferred amounts on refunding on the statement of net position and are amortized to interest expense over the life of the liability. Deferred amounts on refunding of \$884,747 remain to be amortized as of June 30, 2016. All principal amounts on the defeased debt have been paid in full.

Summary of Outstanding Bonds

Following is a summary of bonds issued by the District and outstanding as of June 30, 2016:

Series	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	J	Balance, uly 1, 2015	Issuances	Payments	Ju	Balance, ine 30, 2016
Election of 20	001 (Measure C)		-			•		 •		
2002	4/2/2002	5/1/2027	4.00% - 5.94%	\$ 30,797,972	\$	4,922,972	\$ -	\$ -	\$	4,922,972
Election of 20	014 (Measure EE)								
2015A	5/27/2015	8/1/2039	2.00% - 5.00%	30,000,000		30,000,000	-	-		30,000,000
Refunding Bo	onds									
2011 Refi.	11/2/2011	8/1/2022	2.00% - 5.00%	20,295,000		16,555,000	-	1,400,000		15,155,000
2012 Refi.	11/28/2012	8/1/2028	2.625% - 5.000%	25,200,000		23,270,000	 	765,000		22,505,000
				\$ 106,292,972	\$	74,747,972	\$ -	\$ 2,165,000	\$	72,582,972

The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation bonds payable outstanding as of June 30, 2016, were as follows:

Fiscal						
Year	Principal	Interest	Total			
2016-17	\$ 6,445,000	\$ 2,773,525	\$ 9,218,525			
2017-18	7,190,000	2,540,075	9,730,075			
2018-19	3,230,000	2,331,675	5,561,675			
2019-20	3,150,000	2,204,075	5,354,075			
2020-21	3,420,000	2,056,025	5,476,025			
2021-26	17,221,809	15,775,116	32,996,925			
2026-31	15,441,163	11,415,037	26,856,200			
2031-36	7,105,000	3,313,875	10,418,875			
2036-40	9,380,000	992,250	10,372,250			
Total	\$ 72,582,972	\$ 43,401,653	\$ 115,984,625			

B. Lease Revenue Bonds

On April 2, 2015, the District issued \$29,988,476 in Lease Revenue Bonds. The net proceeds of \$32,455,543 (after issuance costs of \$609,957 and premium of \$2,467,067) were deposited into the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay to finance school facilities, fund capitalize interest, provide a debt service reserve insurance policy and pay for costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the Bonds, including the premiums for a municipal bond insurance policy and the debt service reserve insurance policy.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

B. Lease Revenue Bonds (continued)

Future payments are as follows:

Fiscal						
Year	Principal	Interest	Total			
2016-17	\$ -	\$ 1,283,050	\$ 1,283,050			
2017-18	-	1,283,050	1,283,050			
2018-19	-	1,283,050	1,283,050			
2019-20	-	1,283,050	1,283,050			
2020-21	65,000	1,281,750	1,346,750			
2021-26	1,525,000	6,269,475	7,794,475			
2026-31	4,310,000	5,568,250	9,878,250			
2031-36	6,984,048	5,656,340	12,640,388			
2036-41	9,949,428	6,112,572	16,062,000			
2041-43	7,155,000	366,625	7,521,625			
Total	\$ 29,988,476	\$ 30,387,212	\$ 60,375,688			

C. Certificates of Participation

2011 Refunding

On November 2, 2011, the District issued \$7,220,000 of Refunding Certificates of Participation. The Certificates bear fixed interest rates ranging from 2.0 to 4.375 percent with annual maturities from August 2012 through August 2024. The net proceeds of \$6,915,818 (after delivery costs, underwriter's discount, and original issue discount of \$304,182) were used to prepay the District's outstanding Certificates of Participation (1999 Education Center Project).

The net proceeds were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the refunded certificates. As a result, the refunded certificates are considered to be defeased, and the related liability for the certificates has been removed from the District's liabilities.

Amounts paid to the escrow agent in excess of the outstanding debt at the time of payment are recorded as deferred charges on refunding on the statement of net position and are amortized to interest expense over the life of the liability. Deferred amounts on refunding of (\$58,280) remain to be amortized. As of June 30, 2016, the principal balance on the defeased debt was completely paid.

The annual requirements to amortize the Refunding Certificates of Participation outstanding as of June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Fiscal					
Year	Principal	 Interest	Total		
2016-17	\$ 475,000	\$ 203,537	\$	678,537	
2017-18	510,000	188,763		698,763	
2018-19	540,000	172,338		712,338	
2019-20	570,000	153,587		723,587	
2020-21	605,000	131,513		736,513	
2021-25	2,845,000	 252,594		3,097,594	
Total	\$ 5,545,000	\$ 1,102,332	\$	6,647,332	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

C. Certificates of Participation (continued)

2012 Site Lease Agreement

On July 1, 2011, the District entered into a site lease agreement with Municipal Asset Finance Corporation. Under the agreement, the Corporation has agreed to finance the acquisition of a warehouse and the costs of certain tenant improvements for the District, and in exchange the District has agreed to lease the Peralta Elementary School property. The financing is evidenced by the issuance of \$3,200,000 certificates of participation, and the District will make lease payments to the Corporation as follows:

Fiscal						
Year	Principal Interest			Total		
2016-17	\$ 325,000	\$	73,040	\$ 398,040		
2017-18	340,000		59,552	399,552		
2018-19	350,000		45,443	395,443		
2019-20	365,000		30,917	395,917		
2020-21	380,000		15,770	395,770		
Total	\$ 1,760,000	\$	224,722	\$ 1,984,722		

D. Energy Efficiency Financing (Chevron)

On September 30, 2011, the District approved an energy conservation measure, authorizing approval of the execution and delivery of an equipment/lease purchase agreement for \$27,105,376. The agreement is for the acquisition, purchase, financing and leasing of certain equipment for the public benefit. Future payments due under the agreement are as follows:

Fiscal			
Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2016-17	\$ 1,702,451	\$ 925,876	\$ 2,628,327
2017-18	1,407,331	933,125	2,340,456
2018-19	1,468,622	884,527	2,353,149
2019-20	1,637,800	830,783	2,468,583
2020-21	1,810,628	770,954	2,581,582
2021-26	12,366,618	2,706,963	15,073,581
2026-31	5,484,589	828,248	6,312,837
2031-35	2,620,515	242,023	2,862,538
Total	\$ 28,498,554	\$ 8,122,499	\$ 36,621,053

E. Capital Leases

The District leases equipment, a portable classroom, and school buses having a value of approximately \$750,000 under agreements that provide for title to pass upon expiration of the lease period.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

E. Capital Leases (continued)

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Leas	Lease Payment			
2016-17	\$	125,297			
2017-18		129,183			
2018-19		84,292			
2019-20		677			
Total		339,449			
Less Amount Representing Interest		(29,005)			
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$	310,444			

The District will receive no sublease rental revenues nor pay any contingent rentals for the equipment, classroom or buses.

F. Redevelopment Agency

On February 21, 2007, the District entered into a contract with the redevelopment agency. The contract is for the building of a new stadium at Rubidoux High School. The agreement called for the agency to provide up to \$5 million to the District on a reimbursement basis. \$3 million of the loan is being repaid in annual installments of \$200,000, beginning June 15, 2008. The remaining \$2 million will be repaid from incremental pass through funds received by the District from the Agency that exceed the amount received in fiscal year 2005-2006. As of June 30, 2016, \$1,200,000 was the outstanding balance on this obligation.

G. Early Retirement Incentives

The District has entered into various agreements for early retirement incentives for eligible employees. Eligibility requirements are that employees must have 25 years of service with the District and must be 55 years of age. The agreements require the District to make 5 equal annual installment payments or a \$10,000 lump sum for the retirees that participate in the plan.

A summary of outstanding early retirement incentives are shown below:

		Balance,					I	Balance,	Am	ount Due
	Ju	ıly 1, 2015	Ac	lditions	De	eductions	Jun	e 30, 2016	in	One Year
2009-10 Certificated - STRS	\$	199,651	\$	-	\$	101,651	\$	98,000	\$	98,000
2010-11 Certificated - STRS		458,553		-		159,328		299,225		152,850
2011-12 Certificated - Keenan		304,389		-		304,389		-		-
2011-12 Classified - Jurupa		32,264		-		32,264		-		-
2012-13 Certificated - Keenan		472,992		-		236,496		236,496		236,496
2012-13 Classified - Jurupa		46,710		-		23,355		23,355		23,355
Total	\$	1,514,559	\$	-	\$	857,483	\$	657,076	\$	510,701

The future obligations under these plans is shown below:

Fiscal	Total			
Year	Payments			
2016-17	\$	510,701		
2017-18		146,375		
Total	\$	657,076		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

H. Non-Obligatory Debt

Non-obligatory debt relates to debt issuances by the Community Facility Districts, as authorized by the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 as amended, and the Mark-Roos Local Bond Pooling Act of 1985, and are payable from special taxes levied on property within the Community Facilities Districts according to a methodology approved by the voters within the District. Neither the faith and credit nor taxing power of the District is pledged to the payment of the bonds. Reserves have been established from the bond proceeds to meet delinquencies should they occur. If delinquencies occur beyond the amounts held in those reserves, the District has no duty to pay the delinquency out of any available funds of the District. The District acts solely as an agent for those paying taxes levied and the bondholders, and may initiate foreclosure proceedings. Special assessment debt of \$44,610,000 as of June 30, 2016, does not represent debt of the District and, as such, does not appear in the financial statements.

NOTE 8 - JOINT VENTURES

The Jurupa Unified School District participates in joint ventures under joint powers agreements with the Riverside Schools Risk Management Authority (RSRMA), the Riverside County Employer/Employee Partnership (REEP) for benefits, and the Southern California ReLiEF (SCR). The relationships between the District and the JPAs are such that the JPAs are not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The RSRMA JPA provides workers compensation insurance coverage for its members, REEP provides health and welfare benefits coverage for its members, and SCR provides property and liability insurance coverage. The JPAs are governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The governing board controls the operations of its JPAs independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the governing board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to its participation in the JPAs.

Condensed financial information is as follows:

	SCR	REEP			RSRMA		
	Audited	Audited			Unaudited		
	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2015		Jı	ıne 30, 2016		
Assets	\$ 50,192,937	\$	21,675,035	\$	14,279,287		
Liabilities	49,890,802		7,865,808		5,295,504		
Net Position	\$ 302,135	\$	13,809,227	\$	8,983,783		
Revenues	\$ 33,301,359	\$	94,754,409	\$	32,778,335		
Expenditures	 46,126,392		100,456,332		32,018,378		
Operating Income (loss)	(12,825,033)		(5,701,923)		759,957		
Non-Operating Income	225,598		41,408		68,866		
Change in Net Position	\$ (12,599,435)	\$	(5,660,515)	\$	828,823		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, the District purchased a commercial insurance policy for property and liability insurance coverage with a \$100,000 deductible, with the excess coverage provided by SAFER. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2016, the District participated in the RSRMA public entity risk pool for workers compensation coverage, with excess coverage provided by the PIPS public entity risk pool.

Employee Medical Benefits

The District has contracted with Kaiser, Blue Cross HMO, Blue Cross PPO, and United Healthcare to provide employee medical and surgical benefits, and Met Life Dental, Anthem PPO Dental, and Delta for dental benefits. Basic life insurance and disability benefits are provided through American Fidelity, Prudential or Unum/Provident.

Unpaid Claims Liabilities

The District establishes a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represent the changes in in approximate aggregate liabilities for the District from July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2016:

Liability Balance, July 1, 2014 Claims and changes in estimates	\$ 189,074 434,589
Claims payments	(371,970)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2015	251,693
Claims and changes in estimates	338,076
Claims payments	(249,728)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2016	\$ 340,041
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2016	\$ 638,827

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. State and Federal Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursement will not be material.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation that arose out of the normal course of business. In the opinion of legal counsel, the District does not anticipate that the outcome of any of the litigation will have a material impact on the financial statements.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2016, the District had commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects of approximately \$12.7 million to be paid from a combination of State and local funds.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and District resolution. CalSTRS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions, and membership information that can be found on the CalSTRS website.

The District also contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions, and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

CalSTRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 2 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service at age 60 for members under CalSTRS 2% at 60, or age 62 for members under CalSTRS 2% at 62, increasing to a maximum of 2.4 percent at age 63 for members under CalSTRS 2% at 60, or age 65 for members under CalSTRS 2% at 62. The normal retirement eligibility requirements are age 60 for members under CalSTRS 2% at 60, or age 62 for members under CalSTRS 2% at 62, with a minimum of five years of service credited under the Defined Benefit Program, which can include service purchased from teaching in an out-of-state or foreign public school. Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits after five years of service, unless the member is disabled due to an unlawful act of bodily injury committed by another person while working in CalSTRS covered employment, in which case the minimum is one year. Disability benefits are equal to fifty percent of final compensation regardless of age and service credit. Designated recipients of CalSTRS retired members receive a \$6,163 lump-sum death payment. There is a 2 percent simple increase each September 1 following the first anniversary of the date on which the monthly benefit began to accrue. The annual 2 percent increase is applied to all continuing benefits other than Defined Benefit Supplement annuities. However, if the member retires with a Reduced Benefit Election, the increase does not begin to accrue until the member reaches age 60 and is not payable until the member receives the full benefit. This increase is also known as the improvement factor.

CalPERS also provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.1 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service at age 50 for members under 2% at 55, or 1.0 percent at age 52 for members under 2% at 62, increasing to a maximum of 2.5 percent at age 63 for members under 2% at 55, or age 67 for members under 2% at 62. To be eligible for service retirement, members must be at least age 50 and have a minimum of five years of CalPERS-credited service. Members joining on or after January 1, 2013 must be at least age 52. Disability retirement has no minimum age requirement and the disability does not have to be job related. However, members must have a minimum of five years of CalPERS service credit.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. General Information about the Pension Plans (continued)

Benefits Provided (continued)

Pre-retirement death benefits range from a simple return of member contributions plus interest to a monthly allowance equal to half of what the member would have received at retirement paid to a spouse or domestic partner. To be eligible for any type of monthly pre-retirement death benefit, a spouse or domestic partner must have been either married to the member or legally registered before the occurrence of the injury or the onset of the illness that resulted in death, or for at least one year prior to death. Cost-of-living adjustments are provided by law and are based on the Consumer Price Index for all United States cities. Cost-of-living adjustments are paid the second calendar year of the member's retirement on the May 1 check and then every year thereafter. The standard cost-of-living adjustment is a maximum of 2 percent per year.

Contributions

Active CalSTRS plan members under 2% at 60 were required to contribute 9.2% and plan members under 2% at 62 were required to contribute 8.56% of their salary in 2015-16. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2015-16 was 10.73% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. Active CalPERS plan members are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The required employer contribution for fiscal year 2015-16 was 11.847%. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

	<u> </u>	CalSTRS	CalPERS		
Employer contributions	\$	10,183,313	\$	3,462,131	
Employee contributions paid by employer	\$	-	\$	-	
Employer contributions paid by State	\$	5,606,189	\$	-	

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2016, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of each Plan as follows:

	Prop	ortionate Share
	of Net	Pension Liability
CalSTRS	\$	124,549,400
CalPERS		32,501,918
		_
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	157,051,318

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, rolled forward to June 30, 2014, using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2013 and 2014, was as follows:

	CalSTRS	CalPERS		
Proportion - June 30, 2014	0.1770%	0.2129%		
Proportion - June 30, 2015	0.1850%	0.2205%		
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.0080%	0.0076%		

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$12,654,973. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deterred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	13,645,444 1,857,532	\$	(2,081,250)		
Changes in assumptions		1,037,332		(1,997,008)		
Adjustment due to differences in proportions Net differences between projected and actual earnings		5,223,833		-		
on plan investments	-	5,338,094		(16,603,787)		
	\$	26,064,903	\$	(20,682,045)		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The total amount of \$13,645,444 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	Amount
2017	\$ (2,608,926)
2018	(2,354,664)
2019	106,469
2020	(297,321)
2021	(297,321)
Thereafter	_

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	CalSTRS	CalPERS
Valuation Date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2014
Measurement Date	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.60%	7.65%
Inflation	3.00%	2.75%
Wage Growth	3.75%	Varies
Post-retirement Benefit Increase	2.00%	2.00%
Investment Rate of Return	7.60%	7.65%

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on RP2000 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience. RP2000 series tables are an industry standard set of mortality rates published by the Society of Actuaries. See CalSTRS July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2010 Experience Analysis for more information. The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the CalPERS June 30, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an April 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate - for CalSTRS

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increase per Assembly Bill 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.60 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Discount Rate – for CalSTRS (continued)

Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate – for CalPERS

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF B was 7.65 percent. A projection of expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if the assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for PERF B. The results of the crossover testing for the Plan are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained on CalPERS' website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The long-term expected real rates of return by asset class can be found in CalPERS' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

				n Expected
	Target Allocation			Return
Asset Class	CalSTRS	CalPERS	CalSTRS	CalPERS
Global Equity	47%	51%	4.50%	5.71%
Global Debt Securities	N/A	19%	N/A	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	5%	6%	3.20%	3.36%
Private Equity	12%	10%	6.20%	6.95%
Real Estate	15%	10%	4.35%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	N/A	2%	N/A	5.09%
Fixed Income	20%	N/A	0.20%	N/A
Liquidity	1%	2%	0.00%	-1.05%
	100%	100%		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate
The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	 CalSTRS	CalPERS			
1% Decrease	 6.60%		6.65%		
Net Pension Liability	\$ 188,059,900	\$	52,899,577		
Current Discount Rate	7.60%		7.65%		
Net Pension Liability	\$ 124,549,400	\$	32,501,918		
1% Increase	8.60%		8.65%		
Net Pension Liability	\$ 71,767,050	\$	15,539,898		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS and CalPERS financial reports.

C. Payable to the Pension Plans

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a payable of \$46,263 and \$5,149 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the CalSTRS and CalPERS pension plans, respectively, required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Jurupa Unified School District administers a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan that provides medical, dental and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. The District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement #45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, in 2007-08.

Plan Descriptions and Contribution Information

Membership in the plan consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits *	171
Active plan member	1,665
Total	1,836

*As of July 1, 2014

Certificated Employees

The District will pay for retiree health coverage (medical and dental) including dependent coverage through age 65 or eligibility for Medicare subject to an annual maximum benefit allotment. The retiree pays for any amounts above the allotment plus any elected vision coverage. Spouse and dependents coverage (except for COBRA) ceases upon the death of the retiree. The District does not provide any financial contribution for coverage beyond age 65 or Medicare eligibility. Eligibility for retiree health coverage requires retirement under STRS with at least 10 years of service.

The District is contractually obligated to make a flat contribution into a Certificated employee pool which is used to pay the costs for health benefits for Certificated employees. Any shortfall is paid by the Certificated employees in the pool through surcharges. The District contribution is the \$9,300 negotiated cap per eligible employee. The retired employees pay the same surcharge for their coverage as the active employees.

Classified Employees

The District will pay for retiree health coverage (medical, dental and vision) including dependent coverage through age 65 or eligibility for Medicare subject to an annual maximum benefit allotment (currently \$9,300). The retiree pays for any amounts above the annual maximum. The annual maximum is pro-rated for Classified part-time employees. Spouse and dependents coverage (except COBRA) ceases upon the death of the retiree. The District does not provide any financial contribution for coverage beyond age 65 or Medicare eligibility. Eligibility for retiree health coverage requires retirement under PERS with at least 10 years of service.

Management Employees

The District will pay for retiree health coverage (medical, dental and vision) including dependent coverage through age 65 or eligibility for Medicare subject to an annual maximum benefit allotment (currently \$9,300). The retiree pays for any amounts above the annual maximum. Spouse and dependents coverage (except for COBRA) ceases upon the death of the retiree. The District does not provide any financial contribution for coverage beyond age 65 or Medicare eligibility. Eligibility for retiree health coverage requires retirement under PERS/STRS with at least 10 years of service.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 4,511,497
Interest on net OPEB obligation	788,773
Adjustment to ARC	(1,238,943)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	4,061,327
Contributions made	 (1,592,605)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation (asset)	2,468,722
Net OPEB obligation, July 1, 2015	 17,528,282
Net OPEB obligation, June 30, 2016	\$ 19,997,004

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015-16 and the preceding two years as follows:

	Net			
Year Ended		OPEB	Percentage	OPEB
June 30,	Cost		Contributed	Obligation
2014	\$	3,303,748	37.9%	\$ 14,903,508
2015	\$	4,035,508	35.0%	\$ 17,528,282
2016	\$	4,061,327	39.2%	\$ 19,997,004

Funded Status and Funding Progress - OPEB Plans

As of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the District did not have a funded plan. The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits was \$33.2 million and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$33.2 million.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedules of funding progress present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

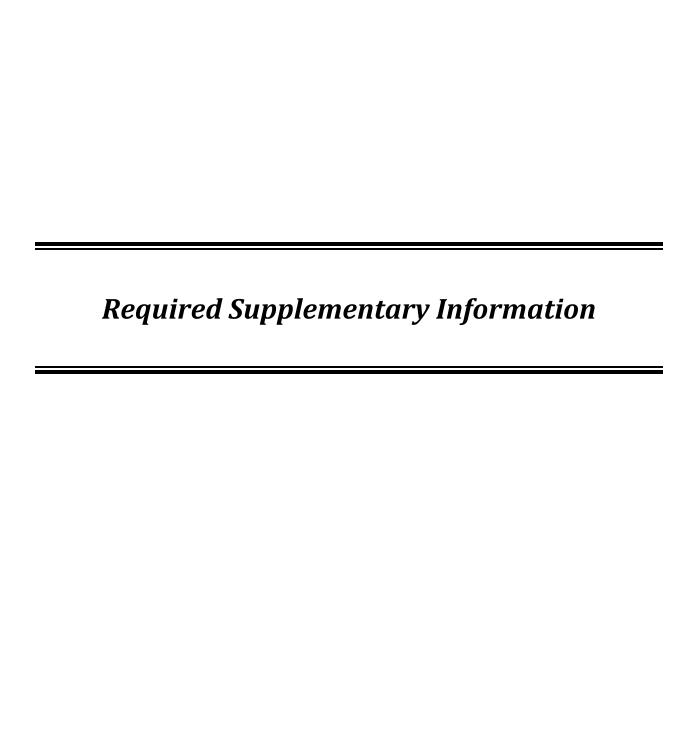
Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designated to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation Date	7/1/2014
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected unit credit
Amortization Method	Level Dollar
Remaining Amortization Period	23
Asset Valuation	N/A
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	4.5%
Inflation	2.8%
Healthcare cost trend rate	7.0%







Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Final Budget - Pos (Neg)	
Revenues	<u> </u>			, o	
LCFF Sources	\$ 170,917,421	\$ 170,386,520	\$ 170,386,520	\$ -	
Federal Sources	12,916,168	14,472,637	13,012,981	(1,459,656)	
Other State Sources	6,690,703	24,881,459	24,821,525	(59,934)	
Other Local Sources	9,503,339	11,395,942	11,398,413	2,471	
Total Revenues	200,027,631	221,136,558	219,619,439	(1,517,119)	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Certificated Salaries	94,154,830	96,190,405	96,031,058	159,347	
Classified Salaries	30,036,311	30,499,757	30,326,397	173,360	
Employee Benefits	36,785,454	41,912,465	42,889,368	(976,903)	
Books and Supplies	10,641,842	14,073,601	12,069,809	2,003,792	
Services and Operating Expenditures	19,443,372	23,156,149	22,079,360 804,444	1,076,789	
Capital Outlay Transfers of indirect costs	228,593 (270,000)	814,050 (295,908)	(295,908)	9,606	
Debt Service	3,559,676	3,258,466	3,258,205	261	
Total Expenditures	194,580,078	209,608,985	207,162,733	2,446,252	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	5,447,553	11,527,573	12,456,706	929,133	
Other Financing Sources and Uses					
Interfund transfers in	473,583	473,583	473,583	-	
Interfund transfers out	(3,000,000)	(13,471,854)	(13,471,854)		
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(2,526,417)	(12,998,271)	(12,998,271)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,921,136	(1,470,698)	(541,565)	929,133	
Fund Balance, July 1, 2015	21,468,187	26,058,102	26,058,102		
Fund Balance, June 30, 2016	\$ 24,389,323	\$ 24,587,404	\$ 25,516,537	\$ 929,133	

Schedule of Funding Progress
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Actuarial Valuation Value of Date Assets		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Accrued Unfunded Liability AAL	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
July 1, 2010	\$	-	\$ 24,526,740	\$ 24,526,740	0.0%	\$102,837,451	23.9%
July 1, 2012	\$	-	\$ 25,612,588	\$ 25,612,588	0.0%	\$ 87,651,000	29.2%
July 1, 2014	\$	-	\$ 33,197,506	\$ 33,197,506	0.0%	\$ 93,792,000	35.4%

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	 2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset):		
CalSTRS	0.1850%	0.1770%
CalPERS	0.2205%	0.2129%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset):		
CalSTRS	\$ 124,549,400	\$ 103,433,490
CalPERS	\$ 32,501,918	\$ 24,169,334
District's covered-employee payroll:		
CalSTRS	\$ 85,810,574	\$ 78,695,612
CalPERS	\$ 35,585,736	\$ 33,850,280
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll:		
CalSTRS	145.1%	131.4%
CalPERS	91.3%	71.4%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability:		
CalSTRS	74.0%	76.5%
CalPERS	79.4%	83.4%

^{*} This schedule is required to show information for ten years; however, until a full ten year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of Contributions For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2015		2014	
Actuarially determined contribution:				
CalSTRS	\$	7,619,979	\$	6,492,388
Calpers	\$	4,188,797	\$	3,873,149
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution:				
CalSTRS	\$	7,619,979	\$	6,492,388
CalPERS	\$	4,188,797	\$	3,873,149
Contribution deficiency (excess):				
CalSTRS	\$	-	\$	-
CalPERS	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered-employee payroll:				
CalSTRS	\$	85,810,574	\$	78,695,612
CalPERS	\$	35,585,736	\$	33,850,280
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll:				
CalSTRS		8.88%		8.25%
CalPERS		11.771%		11.442%

^{*} This schedule is required to show information for ten years; however, until a full ten year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule present both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Funding Progress

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 45 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The schedule presents, for the most recent actuarial valuation and the two preceding valuations, information about the funding progress of the plan, including, for each valuation, the actuarial valuation date, the actuarial value of assets, the actuarial accrued liability, the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess), the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (funded ratio), the annual covered payroll, and the ratio of the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) to annual covered payroll.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 and is required for all employers in a cost-sharing pension plan. The schedule reports the following information:

- The proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability (similar to the note disclosure)
- The proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability
- The employer's covered-employee payroll
- The proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered-employee payroll
- The pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

Schedule of Contributions

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 and is required for all employers in a cost-sharing pension plan. The schedule reports the following information:

• If an employer's contributions to the plan are actuarially determined or based on statutory or contractual requirements: the employer's actuarially determined contribution to the pension plan (or, if applicable, its statutorily or contractually required contribution), the employer's actual contributions, the difference between the actual and actuarially determined contributions (or statutorily or contractually required), and a ratio of the actual contributions divided by covered-employee payroll.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF CHANGES OF BENEFITS OR ASSUMPTIONS

Benefit Changes

There were no changes to benefit terms that applied to all members of the Schools Pool.

Changes of Assumptions

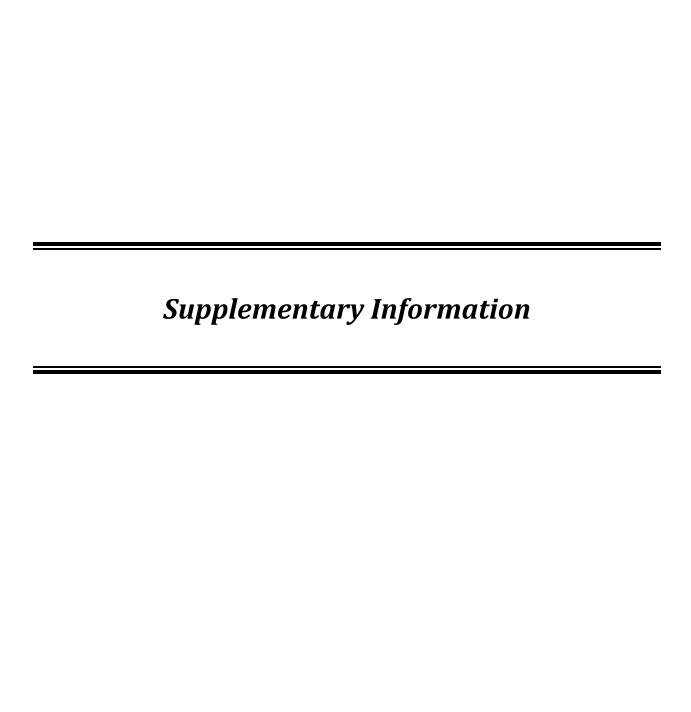
The discount rate was changed from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent to correct for an adjustment to exclude administrative expense.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 3 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

At June 30, 2016, the District incurred the following excess of expenditures over appropriations in the General Fund presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule:

	Excess						
Appropriations Category	Exp	penditures					
Employee Benefits	\$	976,903					





Local Educational Agency Organization Structure June 30, 2016

The Jurupa Unified School District was established on July 1, 1963, and is comprised of an area of approximately 44 square miles located in the incorporated city of Jurupa Valley in addition to unincorporated areas of western Riverside County. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District is currently operating sixteen elementary schools for grades K-6, three middle schools for grades 7-8, three comprehensive high schools for grades 9-12, one continuation high school, and a Learning Center that houses a community day school, an adult education program, an independent study program, and other alternative education programs.

Coverning	Raard	
Governing	Duai u	

doverning Board									
Member	Office	Term Expires							
Sheryl Schmidt	President	December, 2016							
Robert Garcia	Clerk	December, 2018							
Memo Mendez	Member	December, 2018							
Linda Chard	Member	December, 2016							
Donna Johnston	Member	December, 2018							

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Elliott Duchon, Superintendent

Tammy Elzig, Deputy Superintendent

Dr. Trent Hansen,
Assistant Superintendent, Planning & Development

Dave Doubravsky,
Assistant Superintendent, Education Services

Paula Ford, Assistant Superintendent, Business Services

Balance Sheet – Non-Major Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2016

	Adult Education Fund		De	Child velopment Fund	Ca	feteria Fund	Total
ASSETS Cash Accounts receivable	\$	463,296 22,512	\$	314,166 72,857		1,883,991 1,097,583	\$ 2,661,453 1,192,952
Inventories						95,605	95,605
Total Assets	\$ 485,808		\$	387,023	\$ 3,077,179		\$ 3,950,010
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	27,128	\$	1,912	\$	256,498	\$ 285,538
Due to other funds Unearned revenue		52,772 -		350,130 34,981		26,685 -	429,587 34,981
Total Liabilities		79,900	387,023		283,183		750,106
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable		-		-		95,605	95,605
Restricted		405,908		-		2,698,391	 3,104,299
Total Fund Balances		405,908		-		2,793,996	3,199,904
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	485,808	\$	387,023	\$	3,077,179	\$ 3,950,010

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Non-Major Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

REVENUES	Ec	Adult lucation Fund	Dev	Child elopment Fund	1	Cafeteria Fund	Total
Federal sources	\$	\$ 96,549		-	\$	7,709,590	\$ 7,806,139
Other state sources		988,775		789,291		552,785	2,330,851
Other local sources		5,914		-		1,160,402	1,166,316
Total Revenues		1,091,238		789,291		9,422,777	 11,303,306
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction		464,560		628,276		-	1,092,836
Instruction-related services							
Supervision of instruction		2,818		142,841		-	145,659
School site administration		217,952		-		-	217,952
Pupil Services							
Food services		-		-		9,440,974	9,440,974
All other pupil services		-		18,174		-	18,174
Transfers of indirect costs		-		-		295,908	295,908
Debt Service:							
Principal		-		-		155,000	155,000
Interest		-		-		42,953	 42,953
Total Expenditures		685,330		789,291		9,934,835	 11,409,456
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		405,908				(512,058)	(106,150)
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015		-		-		3,306,054	3,306,054
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$	405,908	\$	-	\$	2,793,996	\$ 3,199,904

Balance Sheet – Non-Major Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2016

	Capital Facilities Fund		State School Building Lease- Purchase Fund		County School Facilities Fund		Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units		Total
ASSETS Cash Investments Accounts receivable	\$	4,835,370 - 95,769	\$	92,849 - 153	\$	903,347 - 1,490	\$	- 9,731,107 -	\$ 5,831,566 9,731,107 97,412
Total Assets	\$	4,931,139	\$	93,002	\$	904,837	\$	9,731,107	\$ 15,660,085
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	57,003 -	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	- 592,367	\$ 57,003 592,367
Total Liabilities		57,003		-		-		592,367	649,370
Fund Balances Restricted		4,874,136		93,002		904,837		9,138,740	15,010,715
Total Fund Balances		4,874,136		93,002		904,837		9,138,740	15,010,715
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,931,139	\$	93,002	\$	904,837	\$	9,731,107	\$ 15,660,085

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Non-Major Capital Projects Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Capital Facilities Fund		State School Building Lease- Purchase Fund		County School Facilities Fund		Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units		Total	
REVENUES		000001		450		4.550		50.00 4	0.66.04.6	
Other local sources	\$	908,281	\$	478	\$	4,653	\$	52,934	\$ 966,346	
Total Revenues		908,281		478		4,653		52,934	 966,346	
EXPENDITURES Current:										
All other general administration		54,316		-		-		-	54,316	
Plant services		109,764		-		-		-	109,764	
Facility acquisition and construction		714,152		-		-		-	714,152	
Capital Outlay								6,267,100	 6,267,100	
Total Expenditures		878,232		-				6,267,100	7,145,332	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		30,049		478		4,653		(6,214,166)	(6,178,986)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers out Other financing sources		- -		- -		- -		(5,429,923) 9,867,692	(5,429,923) 9,867,692	
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		-		-				4,437,769	4,437,769	
Net Change in Fund Balances		30,049		478		4,653		(1,776,397)	(1,741,217)	
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015		4,844,087		92,524		900,184		10,915,137	16,751,932	
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$	4,874,136	\$	93,002	\$	904,837	\$	9,138,740	\$ 15,010,715	

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position- ASBs June 30, 2016

	Jurupa Valley High	Patriot High		Rubidoux High		Jurupa Middle		Mira Loma Middle		Mission Middle		Total	
ASSETS													
Cash Inventories	\$ 155,999 1,163	\$	184,207 21,867	\$	99,494 9,919	\$	73,919 -	\$	47,897 -	\$	34,263	\$	595,779 32,949
Total assets	\$ 157,162	\$	206,074	\$	109,413	\$	73,919	\$	47,897	\$	34,263	\$	628,728
LIABILITIES													
Due to student groups	\$ 157,162	\$	206,074	\$	109,413	\$	73,919	\$	47,897	\$	34,263	\$	628,728
Total liabilities	\$ 157,162	\$	206,074	\$	109,413	\$	73,919	\$	47,897	\$	34,263	\$	628,728

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
	Certificate No. (4DB971BD)	Certificate No. (972D57E3)
Regular ADA:	(1007/100)	(77203713)
Transitional Kindergarten through Third	5,602.15	5,615.51
Fourth through Sixth	4,428.69	4,432.61
Seventh through Eighth	2,892.62	2,889.48
Ninth through Twelfth	5,489.46	5,440.66
Total Regular ADA	18,412.92	18,378.26
Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools:		
Transitional Kindergarten through Third	27.18	33.51
Fourth through Sixth	10.68	18.12
Seventh through Eighth	5.27	6.50
Ninth through Twelfth	38.80	51.64
Total Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	81.93	109.77
Total ADA	18,494.85	18,488.03

Schedule of Instructional Time For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Grade Level	Required Minutes	2015-16 Actual Minutes	Number of Days Traditional Calendar	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	36,000	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	52,800	180	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	52,800	180	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	52,800	180	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	54,000	180	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	54,000	180	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	54,000	180	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	57,540	180	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	57,540	180	Complied
Grade 9	64,800	64,828	180	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	64,828	180	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	64,828	180	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	64,828	180	Complied

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

General Fund		(Budget) 2017 ²	2016	2015	2014
Revenues and other financing sources	\$	226,595,212	\$ 220,093,022	\$ 183,727,311	\$ 163,817,344
Expenditures Other uses and transfers out		219,055,358 5,322,443	 207,162,733 13,471,854	179,543,444 3,305,939	 159,646,845 3,271,965
Total outgo		224,377,801	220,634,587	182,849,383	162,918,810
Change in fund balance (deficit)		2,217,411	(541,565)	877,928	898,534
Ending fund balance	\$	27,733,948	\$ 25,516,537	\$ 26,058,101	\$ 25,180,173
Available reserves ¹	\$	7,582,037	\$ 6,619,038	\$ 5,485,482	\$ 4,875,662
Available reserves as a percentage of total outgo		3.4%	 3.0%	 3.0%	 3.0%
Total long-term debt	\$	323,773,090	\$ 334,022,281	\$ 307,398,818	\$ 278,780,823
Average daily attendance at P-2		18,585	 18,495	 18,521	 18,799

The General Fund balance has increased by \$336,364 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2016-17 adopted budget projects an increase of \$2,217,411. For a district of this size, the state recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total general fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo). Long-term debt has increased \$55.2 million over the past two years due primarily to the net pension liability.

The District has incurred operating deficits in only one of the past three years, and anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the 2016-17 fiscal year.

Average daily attendance (ADA) has decreased by 304 over the past two years. An increase of 90 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2016-17.

¹ Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances in the General Fund.

² As of September, 2016.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Building Fund
June 30, 2016, annual financial and budget report fund balance Adjustments and reclassifications: Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:		13,260,885
Accounts payable overstated		490,833
June 30, 2016, audited financial statement fund balance	\$	13,751,718

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Cluster Expenditures	Federal Expenditures
Federal Programs: U.S. Department of Agriculture: Passed through California Dept. of Education (CDE): Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program - Especially Needy National School Lunch Program USDA Donated Foods Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553 10.555 10.555	13526 13523 N/A	\$ 1,214,410 5,887,294 607,886	\$ 7,709,590
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				7,709,590
U.S. Department of Defense: Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) Total U.S. Department of Defense	12.000	N/A		53,488 53,488
U.S. Department of Education: Passed through California Dept. of Education (CDE): Adult Basic Education Cluster: Adult Secondary Education Adult Basic Education & ESL Total Adult Basic Education Cluster No Child Left Behind (NCLB): Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected Title I, Part G, AP Test Reimbursement Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality Title III, Limited English Proficiency Title IV, Part B, 21st Century Community Learning Centers Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education: Secondary, Section 131 Passed through Riverside County SELPA: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) Cluster: Local Assistance Entitlement Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Section 611 Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Section 619	84.002 84.002A 84.010 84.330B 84.367 84.365 84.287 84.048 84.027 84.173 84.027 84.027A 84.173A	13978 14508 14329 14831 14341 14346 14681 14894 13379 13430 14468 13682 13431	28,708 67,840 3,068,674 34,334 57,270 83,390 370	96,548 5,490,005 30,873 868,404 727,051 461,150 183,422
Special Education Supporting Inclusive Practices	84.027A	13693	39,126	
Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster Total U.S. Department of Education				3,283,164
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services: Passed through California Dept. of Education (CDE): Head Start Medi-Cal Billing Option Medi-Cal Administrative Activities (MAA) Total Medicaid Cluster	93.600 93.778 N/A	10016 10013 10060	837,262 71,534	1,336,907 908,796
Total U.S. Department of Health & Human Services				2,245,703
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 21,149,398

Of the Federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the District provided no Federal awards to subrecipients.

Note to the Supplementary Information June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Individual Combining Financial Statements

Individual combining balance sheets and statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance have been presented for the non-major funds to provide additional information to the users of these financial statements. These statements have been prepared using the basis of accounting described in the notes to financial statements.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has participated in the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day and Longer Instructional Year. The District has not met its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46200 through 46206.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-87 requirement, as required by Education Code Section 46201.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual financial report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The schedule of expenditures of Federal awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the financial statements.

The District did not elect to use the ten percent de minimis indirect cost rate.







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Jurupa Unified School District Jurupa Valley, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jurupa Unified School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Jurupa Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Jurupa Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Jurupa Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Jurupa Unified School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Jurupa Unified School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding 2016-001.

Jurupa Unified School District's Response to Finding

Jurupa Unified School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Jurupa Unified School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Murrieta, California November 15, 2016

V ligno & Migno, Pc



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Education Jurupa Unified School District Jurupa Valley, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Jurupa Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Jurupa Unified School District's state government programs as noted on the following page for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its State programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Jurupa Unified School District's State programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to below. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and 2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Jurupa Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each State program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Jurupa Unified School District's compliance.

In connection with the audit referred to on the prior page, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the State laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures
Description	Performed
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No (see below)
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After School Education and Safety Program	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	Not Applicable
Immunizations	Yes
Charter Schools:	
Attendance	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

We did not perform testing for independent study because the ADA was under the level that requires testing.

Unmodified Opinion on Compliance with State Programs

In our opinion, Jurupa Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Other Matter

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above, which is required to be reported in accordance with 2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding 2016-001.

District's Response to Finding

V ligno & Migno, Pc

Jurupa Unified School District's response to the compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Jurupa Unified School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Murrieta, California November 15, 2016



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Education Jurupa Unified School District Jurupa Valley, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Jurupa Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Jurupa Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Jurupa Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Jurupa Unified School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Jurupa Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Jurupa Unified School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Jurupa Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Jurupa Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Jurupa Unified School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

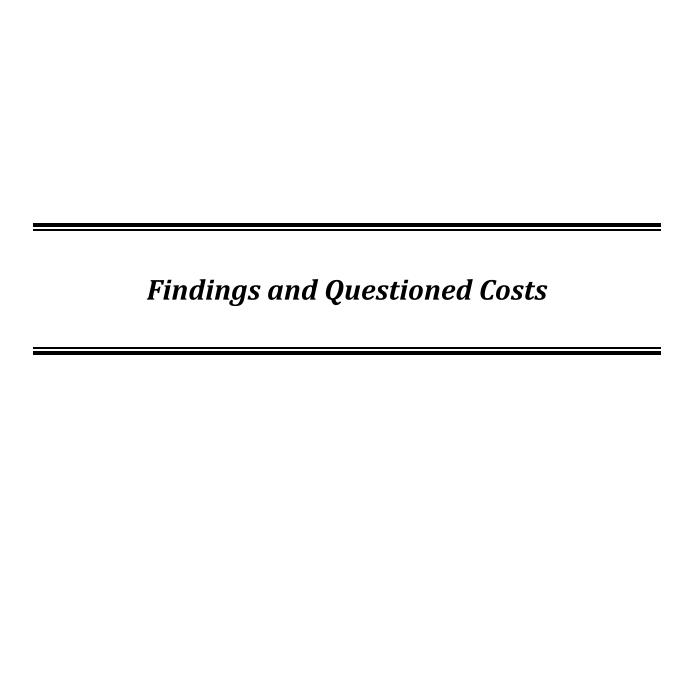
A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Murrieta, California November 15, 2016

V ligno & Migno, Pc





Summary of Auditors' Results
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements			
Type of auditors' report issued	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(s) identified not considered to be material weaknesses? Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No None Reported No		
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(s) identified not considered	No		
to be material weaknesses?	None Reported		
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance Sec. 200.516 Identification of major programs: CFDA Numbers Name of Federal Program or Cluster	No		
10.553, 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster (NSLP) 93.778 Medicaid Cluster			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	\$ 750,000 Yes		
State Awards			
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified		

Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Pursuant to Assembly Bill (AB) 3627, all audit findings must be identified as one or more of the following categories:

AB 3627 Finding Types
Attendance
Inventory of Equipment
Internal Control
State Compliance
Charter School Facilities Programs
Federal Compliance
Miscellaneous
Classroom Teacher Salaries
Local Control Accountability Plan
Instructional Materials
Teacher Misassignments
School Accountability Report Card

There were no financial statement findings in 2015-16.

Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

This section identifies the audit findings required to be reported by the Uniform Guidance, Section 200.516 (e.g., significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance, including questioned costs).

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs in 2015-16.

Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

SECTION IV - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

This section identifies the audit findings pertaining to noncompliance with state program rules and regulations.

Finding 2016 - 001: CALPADS Unduplicated Pupil Counts (40000)

Criteria: Supplemental and concentration grant amounts are calculated based on the percentage of "unduplicated pupils" enrolled in the LEA on Census Day (first Wednesday in October). The percentage equals:

- Unduplicated count of pupils who (1) are English learners, (2) meet income or categorical eligibility requirements for free or reduced-price meals under the National School Lunch Program, or (3) are foster youth. "Unduplicated count" means that each pupil is counted only once even if the pupil meets more than one of these criteria (*EC* sections 2574(b)(2) and 42238.02(b)(1)).
- Divided by total enrollment in the LEA (*EC* sections 2574(b)(1)(B) and 42238.02(b)(5)). All pupil counts are based on Fall 1 certified enrollment reported in the CALPADS as of Census Day.

Condition: During our testing of the English Learner (EL) and Free and Reduced Price Meal (FRPM) eligible students reported in the CALPADS 1.17 and 1.18 reports, we noted one student who was incorrectly classified as FRPM eligible. This student did not have an application or income eligibility form on file to support the designation.

Questioned Cost: \$928. This amount was calculated by adjusting the LCFF calculation for the noted exception.

Cause: The CALPADS reports were not updated in a timely manner to correct student changes in the 2015-16 year.

Effect: The unduplicated pupil counts in the CALPADS 1.17 and 1.18 reports should be adjusted for the following changes:

Adjusted based on eligibility for:

Program/Site:	CALPADS	FRPM	Adjusted Total		
Jurupa Middle	905	(1)	904		
Aggregate remaining sites	14,548		14,548		
District-wide	15,453	(1)	15,452		

 $Total\ enrollment\ of\ 19,\!282\ was\ not\ adjusted\ based\ on\ the\ results\ of\ our\ procedures.$

Recommendation: We recommend that the District implement a review procedure of the CALPADS information prior to the reports submission to the California Department of Education.

Views of Responsible Officials: The District has implemented a review procedure for FRPM applications meeting the November 15 federal requirement.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

There were no findings or questioned costs in 2014-15.



To the Board of Education Jurupa Unified School District Jurupa Valley, California

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of Jurupa Unified School District for the year ending June 30, 2016, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit we noted matters that are an opportunity for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The following items represent conditions noted by our audit that we consider important enough to bring to your attention. This letter does not affect our report dated November 15, 2016, on the financial statements of Jurupa Unified School District.

ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (ASB) FUNDS

Observation: In our testing of cash receipts, at Jurupa Valley High, Patriot High, Rubidoux High, Mira Loma Middle and Mission Middle, we noted that deposits tested lacked sufficient supporting documentation. Additionally, some deposits could not be reconciled to supporting documentation. Without adequate and complete supporting documentation we were unable to determine if the entire amount collected had been deposited, intact and into the correct account.

Recommendation: We recommend that before any events are held, control procedures be established that will allow for the reconciliation between money collected and fundraiser sales. Sound internal controls for handling cash discourage theft of ASB funds and protect those who handle the cash. It is important to tie all proceeds to the specific fundraiser from which they were generated and to ensure that all proceeds from an event are turned in and properly accounted.

Observation: In our testing of cash disbursements, Jurupa Valley High and Patriot High, we noted payments which were missing supporting documentation such as an itemized receipt. Issuing payment without supporting documentation can provide the opportunity for the misappropriation of student funds.

Recommendation: We recommend that the sites require all appropriate supporting documentation prior to issuing disbursements to ensure that student funds are being properly spent.

Observation: In our testing of cash receipts, Jurupa Valley High, we noted cash collections which were not deposited in a timely manner. Deposits were made more than two weeks after the collection took place.

Recommendation: We recommend at a minimum, deposits to the ASB bank account should be made weekly, though within two to three school days is preferable. This will reduce the chance of funds being lost or stolen. Additionally, money should never be left at a school, with teachers, or advisors over the weekend or holidays because many thefts occur during those times.

ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (ASB) FUNDS (continued)

Observation: In our testing of cash disbursements, at Jurupa Valley High, Rubidoux High and Mira Loma Middle, we noted some instances where questionable or inappropriate purchases were made. These purchases included clothing for coaches, class expenses and staff recognition items. Such items are usually not allowable because they are personal expenses of employees, District expense, and/or are considered a gift of public funds. ASB funds are considered public funds because they are raised through the District's tax identification number and receive the benefit of nontaxable status. Anything that is purchased must be for goods and services that promote the students' general welfare, morale, and educational experiences.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District reimburse the ASB account for the District expenditure and that the site be reminded of allowable and prohibited purchases with ASB funds.

We will review the status of the current year comments during our next audit engagement.

Murrieta, California November 15, 2016

Vligno & Aligno, Pc

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